

A MIDNIGHT SESSION.

The Council Passes the Electric Car Franchise and Transacts Much Business of Local Interest.

It was after the midnight hour and nearly one o'clock when the council adjourned its first regular meeting for August, last Monday evening, at which time all members had answered to the roll call except Ald. Fayette Skinner. A petition from over 130 neighbors of John Okray, asking that license be granted to him, was read by the clerk, and the same was accompanied by a letter from Mrs. Okray saying that the report to the effect that she is not in favor of having her husband granted a license is not true. Ald. Baker spoke against granting the license, stating that Okray has continued to disobey the laws ever since the license was refused. B. B. Park appeared for Mr. Okray, denying that the latter had failed to comply with the laws of the state and city since he had been refused license, and hoped he would not be driven out of the place he had built up through his own exertion after being in business for over ten years. The roll being called upon the question of granting Okray a license, it was lost by the following vote: Ayes, Cushman, Kieliszewski and King, 3; noes, Brill, Baker, Maxfield, Peickard, Maine, McCreedy, Johnson and Dumbleton, 8. Mrs. O. Parmeter asked permission to move the building now occupied by Schenk & Arenberg to her lot on the South Side, and the request was granted. A petition to have an arc light at the corner of Minnesota avenue and Patch street, was presented by residents living in that locality, and referred to the committee on lighting. A petition to have ditch running from the dike to the river properly piped, was referred to the proper committee, after some discussion. A petition from residents on north end of Union street, saying that they were ready to donate land for extension of said street, was read. Ald. Maine said that some would not give land for extension, and Ald. Kieliszewski stated that all except four would donate the necessary ground for this purpose. No action was taken. Bender & Fried gave notice that they would vacate the premises occupied by them as a barn and belonging to the city, on Sept. 1st. Frank Balabazinski, through his father and guardian, presented a communication claiming satisfaction for breaking his leg on a defective walk in front of Kuklinski's residence on Water street, and the same was read and referred to the city attorney with committee on city affairs. Raymond, Lamoreux & Park are attorneys for petitioner. Mike Scharwark gave notice that he had been engaged as merchants police. Applications from H. D. McCulloch Co. and W. F. Atwell for pharmacist's license were granted. Adam Adams, with A. Lutz, Sr., and N. Jacobs, as sureties, and Wm. Koch, with A. Lutz, Sr., and John Zimmer, as sureties, asked for retail liquor licenses, and the same were also granted. The first named is located at 116 S. Third street and the latter in the Lutz House, South Side. The electric street car franchise, as asked for by the Stevens Point Lighting Co., was then taken up. A communication from the Water Co. was first read, in which they asked that only what is known as the double trolley system be granted, as with the other system great damage to water and other pipes placed in the ground will follow. The ordinance was then read by section and passed, the only amendment being in extending the time for filing a bond to Oct. 10th, instead of Sept. 10th. All members voted in favor of granting the franchise except Ald. Brill and Johnson, and they only wished to have the question presented by the Water Co. more thoroughly investigated before passing the ordinance. Mr. Wiley, who was present, said that they mean business and the road will be built as stated, one mile or more before Sept. 10th, 1895, or the city will be ahead \$2,000 in cash. An ordinance changing the name of Fay street to Ellis street, it being in fact an extension of the latter thoroughfare, was introduced and adopted. Ald. Baker introduced a resolution authorizing an arc light to be placed at the foot of

Main street, near the Green Bay depot, and the same was passed. A resolution by Ald. Dumbleton authorizing the building of walks on both sides of Oak street, was adopted. Ald. Baker introduced a resolution instructing the clerk to submit a new schedule of licenses for shows, etc., as now in force by the city, so that it may be revised by a special committee of three, appointed for that purpose. The resolution was adopted and Ald. Baker, Brill and Maine appointed as such committee. The committee appointed to make arrangements for sites for election booths in the 3d and 5th wards, recommended the purchasing of a piece of ground, 20x30 feet, in the 5th ward, at \$75.00. The recommendation was accepted and the mayor and clerk authorized to issue an order for the above sum on receipt of a good and sufficient deed.

A communication was read from the W. C. T. U., resolving that they earnestly protest against the continuance of Fayette Skinner as a member of the common council, after his attack on the virtue of several little girls, and praying that the full penalty of the law be meted out to him and his office be declared vacant. Ald. McCreedy moved that a committee of five be appointed to investigate the charges, and after the motion was carried Ald. Johnson, McCreedy, Cushman, Baker and Maine were selected as such committee. The committee on poor were authorized to send a boy named Baker, now at the poor farm, to the reform school, and also to aid Mrs. Henrika Newquist to the extent of \$5.00 per month until further notice. C. H. Grant was upon motion authorized to select and form a volunteer hook and ladder company of fifteen members, at once, as the new apparatus is expected during the present month. The city surveyor, with the aid of the county surveyor, were authorized to establish lines on Reserve street at their earliest possible convenience, and Ald. McCreedy was added to the committee. The new hook and ladder truck will be called "Central City No. 1." The matter of purchasing fountains was deferred until early spring, and thereafter the council adjourned.

Additional Aid for Fire Sufferers.

Through the Ladies Auxiliary to the B. of L. E., the following ladies made up two large boxes of clothing, and one of shoes, which were shipped to Phillips on Saturday last: Mesdames R. C. Bloye, J. Holman, A. Birch, E. Bacon, J. Noonan, S. J. Campbell, G. W. Martin, W. Dowsett, W. Kelley, W. S. Carr, L. Carver, W. Calkins, W. Goltz, G. Holmes, W. McDonald, J. Perkins, L. Bump, A. Behrendt, M. Finch, M. Kenyon, F. Doolittle, F. Kiser, C. E. Emmons, J. Davidson, E. Priok and N. M. Lamp, and Misses M. Hill and G. Sawyer, while Mr. E. Sawyer gave a sack of flour.

Six pairs of shoes and stockings, Jas. Quinn; bundle of clothing, Mrs. R. F. Baker; \$2.50, Wm. Allen; \$2.00 and bundle clothing, W. W. Spraggon.

Married at St. Peter's.

Miss Philia Kitowski and John Nowak, Jr., two popular young residents of the North Side, were married at St. Peter's church yesterday morning, the ceremony being performed shortly after 9 o'clock by Rev. Q. Zielinski. The wedding procession was an unusually long one, three bridesmaids and an equal number of groomsmen attending the young couple. The bride's attendants were Misses Katie Nowak, Laura Lukaszewicz and Manie Brill, while the "best men" were Nick Kitowski, Henry Moses and Julian Borowski. Mr. Nowak is employed as clerk in the grocery and saloon of his uncle and namesake, south-east corner of public square. The bride is a daughter of Jos. Kitowski and wife, old residents of this city. Mr. and Mrs. Nowak expects to move to Green Bay within a few months.

Ladies!

The Empress Josephine is coming. The new steel corset, moulded to fit the form. Perfect fitting, easy and comfortable; will not lose its shape, wrinkle or break down at the hips. Guaranteed. Try one. Price, only \$1. Also L. L. Loomers' moulded corsets, exclusively at W. J. Leonard's. 2w

CAPTURED IN MILWAUKEE.

A Salvation Army Follower Who Stole from a Belmont Farmer.—He Pleads Guilty.

While the north winds were blowing their blooming blasts not many months ago, a meek-eyed individual named Wm. Wadleigh was beating a bass drum in the Salvation Army corps at Oshkosh. As the smiling rays of spring began to appear, he changed his quarters to Waupaca, where his aged parents are cared for at the Veterans' Home. While at the latter place Wadleigh was sentenced to sixty days in the county jail for stealing \$10.00 from Henry Blodgett, a veteran. After serving his sentence he went to work for Frank Casey, a Belmont farmer, and during the first few days appeared to be both faithful and diligent. On the 28th of June, having learned that Casey had some money in the house, Wadleigh succeeded in securing a key to his trunk, stealing it from the former's pocket. While the family were at breakfast he opened the trunk, which contained \$250, and stole \$80.00 therefrom, being frightened away before he could find the balance. After breakfast Wadleigh went out into the field as usual to cultivate, and after driving his horse to the most distant corner, left it standing and started for parts unknown. It seems that he came to this city that day, having hired a livery rig at Plover, and his first investments were a flashy ring and a suit of clothes. Most of the time since then has been spent in and around Milwaukee, where he was arrested on Friday last through instructions from Sheriff Wheelock, who with C. H. Grant went down that night and brought him back. On being arraigned before Justice Carpenter on Monday, the young man of Salvation Army fame plead guilty and will be brought before Judge Webb, at Grand Rapids, tomorrow, when he will be sentenced to Waupaca, probably for two years. The prisoner is about 26 years of age.

Death of Mrs. Donahue.

A telegram received in this city Monday morning announced the death of Mrs. Anna Donahue, wife of the late Jas. Donahue, she having passed away at the home of her son, Ed. Donahue, in Mauston, at 5:10 o'clock that morning. She had always enjoyed the best of health until two weeks ago last Sunday, when she was taken ill with summer complaint. Thereafter she gradually grew weaker, but fatal results were not entirely feared until Sunday last, when the change for the worse was as sudden as it was severe, and she passed quietly away at the hour above mentioned.

Anna Fitzpatrick was born in County Monihan, Ireland, August 10th, 1811, and was therefore nearly 83 years of age. She was married in her native country to Jas. Donahue over 55 years ago, and they sailed for Canada the following year. On the 4th of July, 1865, they started for Wisconsin with their family, coming direct to Stevens Point, where Mr. Donahue died on the 3d of January, 1893. The ensuing three months were then spent by the aged widow with her daughter, Mrs. M. Lynch, in the town of Lanark, and since that time she has lived with her son at Mauston. Mrs. Donahue was a most exemplary christian woman, a good mother and friend, and the many who knew her these many years will be pained to learn of her death.

The remains arrived here on the noon train, Tuesday, the funeral taking place from St. Stephen's church, Rev. W. J. Rice officiating. The pallbearers were Jas. O'Brien, Frank Clark, Nicholas Schmitt, Jas. Glennon, Charles Van Hecke and M. O'Keefe. Besides the son and daughter above mentioned, the deceased lady also leaves two sons, John, of East Avon, N. Y., and Patrick, of Ashland, and four other daughters, Mrs. Hiram Covell, of Canada; Mrs. Ben. Gilpin of Washburn; Mrs. Owen McHugh and Mrs. P. Morgan, of Rhinelander.

A Card.

To those kind friends and neighbors who assisted us during the sickness and death of our mother and grandmother, also to those who followed the remains to their last resting place, we wish to extend our thanks.

DENNIS LEAHY AND FAMILY.

S. B. Kimball Dead.

Information comes from Waupaca that S. B. Kimball, a veteran at the Soldiers' Home, died there on Monday morning. Mr. Kimball had been a resident of Stevens Point for over twenty years, coming here in 1873 from the southern part of the state. During the war he served in Reebe's battery, 10th Wisconsin Volunteers, having enlisted in 1862 and being mustered out in June, 1865. Mr. Kimball visited Stevens Point about three weeks ago, previous to which time he had been at the home but a short time. He had been suffering with heart disease, and this is supposed to have been the cause of his death. He was born in Pennsylvania, and was about 65 years of age.

Excursion on the Sixteenth.

The picnic and excursion to Lake Emily, on Thursday of next week, will be largely attended. It will be given under the auspices of the Catholic Knights, Foresters and Hibernians, and all citizens are invited. The train will leave the Green Bay depot at 8 o'clock in the morning, returning at about seven in the evening, and the committee of arrangements will make the occasion pleasant for all. There will be a number of attractions, among which will be a swimming race, purse \$3.00, first prize \$2.00, second, \$1.00; boat race, purse \$3.00, prizes the same; running race, purse \$2.00, first \$1.50, second 50 cts.; sack race, purse \$2.00, first \$1.25, second 75 cents; tug of war, \$2.00 to the winning side.

Republican Senatorial Convention.

At a meeting of the Republican state central committee in Milwaukee, yesterday, F. B. Lamoreux of this city, P. Mitchell of Plainfield, and C. A. Spencer of Waupaca, were appointed as a senatorial committee for this, the 21st, district. The convention for nominating a senator will be held at the court house in this city, Tuesday, Aug. 28th, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. The district comprises all of Portage and Waushara counties and the west half of Waupaca. This county will have eight votes in the convention, Waupaca seven and Waushara seven. There are three candidates in the field, Dr. John Phillips of this city, Dr. Dale of Iowa, and Ira P. Coon of Plainfield. Twelve votes consisting a majority, it will be seen that Portage county's candidate has the advantage, it being necessary for him to secure but four additional votes, while either of the other gentlemen will have to get five more.

Base Ball Today.

This afternoon there will be a game of base ball between the Stevens Point and Marshfield nines, at the fair grounds. The game will be called promptly at three o'clock. The Marshfield club is a firstclass one, having beaten the Normals in a lively contest a couple of weeks ago, and the return game promises to be firstclass in all respects. Admission 25 cents, while the little fellows may see the fun for only 10 cents.

More Locals.

—Jane, Aug. 9th. Nothing but words of praise greet Jane on her western trip. You can see her Thursday evening at the Opera House.

—Why waste your hard earned money for old water melons, which were kept in Chicago basements a long time and sidetracked during the strike, when you can get them fresh, direct from the growers, at L. A. Hyman's. Satisfaction guaranteed.

—A large party of young people are now camping at "council bluffs," about ten miles north of this city on the banks of the Wisconsin. They are having a fine time and will probably remain as long as good weather lasts. Among the merry campers are the Misses Elta Strophe, Anna Drake, Carrie Skinner, Edna Catlin, of Chicago, and Mabel Josslyn, of Fond du Lac; Messrs. Guy Martin, Rob. Alban, Bert Copps, Mr. Olds, of St. Charles, Minn., and Mr. Josslyn, of Fond du Lac. Mrs. Jeff. Wright and Mrs. Oscar Drake are acting as chaperons. Misses Eunice Copps, Nettie Bandow, Eva Skinner, Helen Cromwell and Messrs. Harry Miller, Chas. Sawyer, Will. Moll, Fred. Murray and Frank Clifford have partaken of their hospitality for a day or more.

—Don't miss the boss minstrel company of the day. You will be pleased.

—Are you going to see Jane Thursday evening? Remember this is a metropolitan attraction.

—Mrs. J. H. Brennan, after a three months' visit at Appleton, returned to the city the last of the week.

—Although there is not a forest fire within several miles of Stevens Point, smoke is to be seen in all directions. Rain is badly needed, both for crops and putting out forest fires.

—The very latest in ladies' shoes have just arrived at W. J. Leonard's. They are handsome, the prettiest shape made, and cannot but be admired by all. An inspection is kindly asked.

—A real old time genuine colored minstrel company is the Richard & Pringle combination, and one of the finest on the road. See them next Friday evening, Aug 10th, at the Opera House.

—Jas. W. King, whose residence is on Brown street in this city, and who was sent to the insane asylum at Oshkosh, about three months ago, has returned to the city, having been discharged as cured.

—Mr. Clifton, the representative of Sosman & Landis, the Chicago scenic artists who are furnishing the scenery for our new Opera House, is in the city. The scenery has also arrived and is now being placed in position.

—Remember that when L. A. Hyman states that he has received a car load of melons, he does not mean a wagon load, but means a whole car load of 1,500 water melons. Other dealers would call it 15 car loads in the papers.

—Tomorrow night, Aug. 9th, there will be the prettiest green and white lawn social on M. A. Hadcock's lawn, and the best of ice cream, lemon ice and cake will be served. The Mandolin Club will be there with the finest of music. Come everybody.

—Remember L. A. Hyman is not trying to make you believe he receives two car loads of water melons a week, as other fruit dealers do. He, however, receives one, and this is a whole car load. All the merchants in this city couldn't dispose of two car loads a week.

—Ed. Donahue and wife, of Mauston, Patrick Donahue and little daughter, of Ashland, and Mrs. Owen McHugh, of Rhinelander, accompanied the remains of Mrs. Jas. Donahue to this city, yesterday. Mr. and Mrs. M. Lynch, of Lanark, were also here.

—C. H. Grant was called to Waupaca on Monday to embalm the body of Geo. Fox, of the firm of Shearer & Fox, who died after a short illness with heart failure, caused by blood poisoning. Mr. Fox was a young man, and the remains were shipped to Mankato, Minn., for interment.

—Nick Berens is now located in the handsome tonsorial parlors in Northern Wisconsin, in the basement of the new Citizens National bank. He has every convenience for giving customers the best from a shave to a shower bath, and the furniture and outfit is new and of the latest pattern throughout.

—Although most of our lumbermen had contributed toward the first two car loads of provisions, etc., sent from this city to Phillips sufferers, they also sent two cars of lumber to that place on Thursday last. Bosworth & Reilly, the North Side Lumber Co. and the Piffner & Rounds Lumber Co. donated one car, and the South Side Lumber Co., John Week Lumber Co., Wallace & Karner, Stevens Point Box Co. and M. Wadleigh the other.

—Maj. W. H. Upham and wife, of Marshfield, took dinner at the Curran House, today, and they will leave on the 2:50 Green Bay train this afternoon for Green Bay, where Maj. Upham expects to address the Young Men's Republican club this evening. Tomorrow will be spent at Sturgeon Bay, where a grand celebration is being arranged on account of the completion of the Ahnapee & Western railroad into that city. At the banquet tomorrow evening, Geo. W. Cate of this city will respond to the toast, "The Practicing Attorney." J. J. Nelson and wife, of Amherst, and Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Lamoreux accompany the republican gubernatorial candidate and his wife this afternoon.

THE SOUTH SIDE.

A Few Items Appertaining to People and Events in That Part of the City.

—J. A. Versen spent last Friday and Saturday at Marshfield.

—Miss Libbie Scott spent last week visiting friends at Wausau and Mosinee.

—Mrs. F. E. Bement and Mrs. John Welsby are spending a couple of days with Milwaukee friends.

—Mrs. Chas. Valencourt and Mrs. W. F. Anderson spent Monday in Chicago on a shopping tour.

—Thos. Malone, of Chicago, is visiting his cousins, the Lawler brothers, to remain two or three weeks.

—For rent, the two story building recently vacated by Geo. Ortel, on Church street, South Side. Enquire of John Zimmer. jne12tf

—Toilet articles, perfumes and the best line of sponges in Stevens Point, at Atwell's drug store, Division street, South Side.

—Dr. D. N. Alcorn is again able to be about after being confined to his home on Dixon street for four weeks with the mumps.

—Fred. Woodworth went up to Ashland, last Friday night, to resume his old position of night foreman at the Wisconsin Central ore docks.

—Claud Parker will have a fine new team on his hack in a day or two, Andrew Lutz, Jr., having purchased a span of fine roadsters from Bender & Fried.

—Engineer Jas. McAdam and family now reside at 714 Strong's avenue, having removed from the corner of Church and Brawley streets last week.

—The South Side sprinkler no longer keeps the business streets of this end of town free from dust, the owner and driver stopping work last Saturday.

—J. J. Wilson, the Central brakeman who was injured in the wreck near Webster, a couple of weeks ago, is able to be out with the aid of crutches.

—A crew of men are now at work clearing the ground just west of the Central paint shop, and within two weeks tracks will be laid lengthwise through the shop.

—Mrs. D. H. Vaughn, of Rainbow, Oneida county, who has been spending a few days among friends here, is now quite sick at the residence of Mrs. E. Vaughn, South Side.

—The Jr. O. U. A. M. will give a dancing party at their hall, in Glover's block, South Side, next Tuesday evening, August 14. A good orchestra will furnish the music. Every body come and have a good time.

—Miss Viola Potter left for Lake Villa last week, where she went to spend the balance of the summer vacation with relatives and friends. She joined her sister, Miss Mamie, who went down several weeks ago.

—I wish to inform the public and former customers through THE GAZETTE that I have accepted the management of Chas. J. Lawton's meat market at 1013 Division street. Thanking them for past favors and hoping for a continuance of patronage, I am respectfully yours, CHARLES N. SCHREIER.

—J. W. Fisher and family, late of Phillips, are now residents of this city, arriving here yesterday. Mr. Fisher was engaged in the livery business previous to the big fire at Phillips, and succeeded in rescuing his horses, buggies, cutters, etc., but lost his house and furniture. He has engaged in the same line of business here, having rented the Adams barn on Division street, and is now ready to wait on patrons. We bespeak for Mr. Fisher a fair share of the public patronage.

—A full force, or about seventy-five men, are now employed on the Wisconsin Central repair tracks, fixing up some of the seven hundred "bad order" cars now in the Central yards here. It is estimated that the amount of work now on hand in and about the shops would keep a big force of men busy for at least one year. For the past month or more the shops have been closed Saturdays, but orders were received last Friday to work nine hours the following day, and it is thought that the force will hereafter labor six days in the week.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. AUCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"The infant is the most delicate of creatures. Intelligent mothers should know how to keep their children healthy." CARLOS MARTIN, D. D., New York City.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhea, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion. Without injurious effect.

"For several years I have used your 'Castoria,' and it has done me so much good that I can truly say it is the best of all medicines." EDWIN F. PARDEE, M. D., 125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

GEN. TARSNEY IN PERIL

ATTEMPT MADE TO SHOOT HIM AT KANSAS CITY.

An Ex-Bull Hill Deputy Tries to Free a Man in Custody for the Tar and Feather Case and Blooded in Barely Averted—Assassin Still on the Trail.

KANSAS CITY, Aug. 4.—Adjutant General Tarsney, of Colorado, who has been here for some days seeking to encompass the arrest of one of the gang who tarred and feathered him, came near being the victim of an assassin's bullet at the Union station, in this city, last night. It was one of the closing scenes in the dramatic play growing out of the Colorado troubles during the recent strike, and the consequent tarred and feathered of J. R. Wilson, one of the leaders of the gang that tarred and feathered Tarsney. Several days ago General Tarsney located Wilson near Nevada, Mo., and by a neat bit of strategy and with the assistance of Detective Peterson, of Colorado, succeeded in getting him to Kansas City. Wilson was positively identified by Tarsney as being the ringleader of the mob that tarred and feathered him.

The Would-be Assassin Appears. Wilson, however, declared that he was innocent. After some trouble Tarsney secured the proper requisition papers from Governor Stone and the start for Colorado was arranged for last evening. C. C. Collins, an ex-deputy under Wilson in Colorado during the strike trouble, and who is believed to be the man who carried the feathers on the eventful night, came to town, and as he afterwards told a reporter was bent on liberating Wilson. Shortly before the departure of the evening Union Pacific train last night Tarsney, Wilson and Peterson were driven from the jail to the station in a closed carriage, preparatory to starting for Colorado. Arriving at the station they were met by Collins, who attempted to draw Wilson away from Detective Peterson, at the same time placing his hand on his hip pocket.

Both Reached for Their Guns. Peterson pushed Collins aside, but the latter renewed his efforts. Finally Collins turned towards Tarsney and made a threatening motion, whereupon the general reached for his revolver, but before either man could lift a hand Peterson stepped between them and prevented what might have been a tragedy. A big crowd collected and great excitement prevailed for a while. Tarsney and Peterson finally reached the Union Pacific train and left for Denver. Collins had bought a ticket via the Santa Fe and left on the train. He may renew his efforts in Denver.

LEFT TO EACH SYSTEM.

Action of the A. R. U. on the Strike—Doings at Pullman.

CHICAGO, Aug. 4.—At the session of the American Railway Union encouraging reports were submitted from the committees from various roads. The Pullman committee reported that not a single striker had gone back to work. The question of declaring the strike off was brought before the convention, but it was postponed.

The convention adjourned since the last night, leaving the question of the strike off practically the same position it was in before the convention met. It was determined, however, to leave the question of returning to work to the strikers on each system to determine for themselves, without any intimation from the general officers of the union or the convention as to what course to pursue in the matter.

The Pullman company has declared war on the American Railway Union, issuing a notice that no labor agitators, members of the strike committee or others who influenced the men to quit work will be given employment at Pullman.

The force of men working at Pullman was increased to nearly 600 men, according to the company's reports, and the officials say they will have a full crew of 800 men by Monday. This is in the repair shop. No attempt will be made yet to start the construction department.

Senators Not Guilty. WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—The sugar investigators have finished their labors and prepared their reports—three of them. The first is that of the Democratic members and it finds in substance that the "Holland" letter was a tissue of falsehoods based on the statements of a man who didn't want his name mentioned, and on vague insinuations and intimations that never had any foundation except in the imagination of some other anonymous personage. No senator is guilty of any of the charges against him, the committee even preferring to take Senator Camden's word than that of his messengers, and he and Smith were the only senators against whom there was an iota of evidence.

Was a Marine Knocked.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Aug. 4.—Grand Rapids people who came over from Chicago on the steamer City of Holland laugh at the story published in the papers about the benching of the vessel. In making a run to come up to the dock at Holland the steamer swung out a little too far and poked her nose into the mud and was fast for a few minutes. She was in still water, less than forty feet from the wharf and was not damaged in the least. Passengers were in no danger and there was no excitement.

Boys Burned to a Crisp. SPENCERPORT, N. Y., Aug. 1.—Fire broke out in the house occupied by Cornelius Place and family. Mr. Place, his wife and five children were rescued in their night clothing. Three older boys slept upstairs and were aroused, but bewildered by the smoke and fire they were overcome and burned to a crisp. The burned boys were Cornelius, William and Chester, aged 13, 11 and 8.

Santa Is Close to His Death. LOS ANGELES, Aug. 4.—It did not take two days to settle the fate of the assassin Casario Santa, who murdered President Carnot. The jury was out but fifteen minutes and its verdict was guilty and death. He was sentenced to die under the gallows and left the court room shouting "Vive l'empereur." He protested to the last that he had no accomplices.

An Iowa Democratic Nominee Declines. COUNCIL BLUFFS, Ia., Aug. 4.—J. J. Shea, nominated by the Iowa Democrats as supreme court reporter, has sent to the state committee a letter declining to be a candidate.

GOSSIP ON TARIFF.

What Is Said about the Situation at the Present Time.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—It was understood yesterday that the sugar schedule most recently submitted to the tariff conference is one providing for a duty of 40 percent on raw sugar and on the value of the raw sugar used in the manufacture of the refined article, with the addition of one-fifth of a cent differential on refined sugar. It is understood that this schedule was seriously discussed. Objection is made to it that it would be very difficult to determine the value of the sugar going to make up the manufactured article on account of the different grades of raw sugar imported into the country. This is urged by its advocates, could be arranged by the treasury regulations.

The end which it desired to accomplish in this in all other propositions is to prevent the refiners from obtaining any advantage in the ad valorem rate as applied to refined sugar, which advantage, it is claimed by the house members they have in the senate bill. From the house standpoint the tariff situation remained unchanged, but if anything a little more hopeful. This was the impression given by the house conferees. They said that there was no prospect of a definite settlement yesterday. Reports came over from the senate that a crisis was at hand and that the senate conferees were getting ready to present the best they would do and then end the matter.

One of the house conferees said that in his judgment the situation had not materially changed and that perhaps a definite conclusion would be reached yesterday. Another house conferee said an adjustment was now in sight and possibly, though not probably, would be finally effected by tonight. Among all those conversant with the internal workings of the conference the opinion was expressed that a conclusion was very near at hand.

CHINA BEATEN AT SEA AGAIN.

Japanese Warships Destroy Three of Ah Shin's Vessels.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—An engagement has taken place between the fleets of Japan and China which practically ends the war on the seas so far as China is concerned. The result of the engagement was the sinking of the Chinese battleship Chen-Yuen and the cruisers Chin-Yuan and Pao-Ching. All the vessels were modern and the equal of the Japanese vessels in size and armament, but the Japanese proved too skillful in the fight.

The report of the engagement has not been confirmed, but it probably took place as reported. The Chinese vessels carried 1,000 men and it is reported that nearly all were killed or drowned. It is also reported that the Japanese forces attacked the Chinese position at Yashan on Friday and Saturday last. The Japanese, it is said, were repulsed with heavy loss. The Chinese loss was trivial. The Japanese are withdrawing troops from Seoul to reinforce their army near Yashan.

War Declared at Last.

LONDON, Aug. 2.—War has been officially declared between Japan and China, the Japanese minister here having so informed the British foreign office. The declaration took place at noon yesterday.

THE REAL CROP SITUATION.

Given by the General Passenger Agent of the Burlington.

OMAHA, Aug. 4.—The Burlington has issued what is regarded as an accurate estimate of the crop situation in Nebraska, South Dakota and northern Kansas, through General Passenger Agent Francis He says: "It is encouraging to note that the damage done to the corn, especially along the lines of the B. and O., is not nearly so serious as reported. The terrible heat and long absence of rain in the different corn belts gave a bad outlook to the growing crop; still my experience has always been that the first reports received are usually exaggerated, and they have been no exception to the rule this year." He predicts a good railroad tonnage this fall, and while he does not look for a phenomenal business he expects a good deal more than was warranted a few days ago, when the calamity howl was at its height.

Fire at Minneapolis.

MINNEAPOLIS, July 31.—The third disastrous fire in the history of Minneapolis broke out about 3:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon in the lumber yards of the Shevlin Carpenter Co., on the bank of the Mississippi river at the foot of Eighth avenue north. It spread with remarkable rapidity, and before it was controlled had destroyed property valued at nearly \$500,000. Besides twenty million feet of lumber, the gas manufacturing plant of the Omaha Railroad company, the round house, tool house, sand house and turn-tables of that road, nearly forty freight cars—some of them loaded with merchandise—and the office building of the Shevlin Carpenter Co. were burned.

Pinckney Is Over the Tracks.

WEBBERVILLE, Mich., Aug. 4.—The big state guns of the Populist and Democratic parties, together with Mayor Pinckney, of Detroit, who has just jumped over the Republican traces, drew 1,000 people together here at a barbecue. Pinckney made the principal speech, and attacked the United States senate, vigorously advocating its election by the popular vote.

One Man Robs Fifteen.

TRUCKEE, Cal., Aug. 4.—A lone highwayman held up the Truckee and Kahoe stage at a point three miles out of Truckee. There were fifteen passengers on board. When the stage was stopped the passenger were told to throw out what money they had, and contributed \$35 to the highwayman.

Lockout of the Cordage Company. NEW YORK, Aug. 4.—The United States Cordage company shut down part of its works in Brooklyn, throwing 500 men, boys and girls out of work. It is thought that this lockout will spread to the other rope works controlled by the trust.

College Building Destroyed. MILWAUKEE, July 31.—A special to The Sentinel from Watertown says the main building of the Northwestern Lutheran college there was struck by lightning and burned. Part of the library was burned. Loss, \$40,000; insurance, small.

Ex-Gov. Blair on His Deathbed. JACKSON, Mich., Aug. 4.—Austin Blair, Michigan's war governor, is sinking rapidly. Dr. Blair said late last night that the venerable ex-governor could survive but a few hours.

WICKES' RISE IN LIFE.

From an English Farm to the Second Vice Presidency of the Pullman Company.

From an English farm to the second vice presidency of the Pullman Palace Car company is the life step thus far taken by Thomas H. Wickes, whose name has been prominently before the public of late as the spokesman for George M. Pullman during the labor troubles in Chicago.

Mr. Wickes was born in Leicestershire, England, 48 years ago. His father was a poor farmer, and the best start in life he was able to give his son was a common school education, which only lasted until the lad was 14 years old. At that age Thomas left the paternal farm and the public school and began a battle for existence as a grocer. From groceries to railroad business, in quite a step, but Thomas took it, and before long was looked upon as an expert.

In 1866 he came to America and for two years lived in Canada. Then he crossed the border to the United States and in 1868 entered the employ of the Pullman company. His first engagement



THOMAS H. WICKES.

was in the capacity of assistant to the ticket agent at East St. Louis, Ill. This was a very modest beginning, but his advancement was rapid. In two years he was assistant superintendent at St. Louis, and in 1870 he was appointed superintendent for the St. Louis division, which includes the territory west and southwest of St. Louis.

Hard work and faithful attention to his duties led to further promotion. In May, 1885, he became general superintendent of the western division and the next year assumed the general superintendence of the entire business of the company. In 1889 he was elected second vice president and was placed in charge of the operating department. He was also president of the Woodruff Car Construction company before the concern was absorbed by the Pullman corporation. He was married in 1871 and has two daughters and one son.

That he has the entire confidence of the Pullman company and is George M. Pullman's right hand man is shown by the fact that he represented Mr. Pullman in all the unsuccessful attempts made to arbitrate the trouble between the Pullman company and its employees.

SUCCESSFUL AT THE BAR.

Career of Francis L. Wellman, New York's Young Prosecuting Attorney.

One of the best known lawyers in New York city is Francis L. Wellman, who was recently married to Miss Emma Juch, the famous grand opera singer. Mr. Wellman was born at Brookline, Mass., 40 years ago of well to do parents. He received a common school education in Brookline and went to Harvard in 1876. He was a lively young man at college and was not particularly noted for studiousness, but on graduation he took first prize for oratory and essay writing. When he entered the Boston Law school, however, he displayed great interest in legal lore and a decided talent for grasping and retaining the pertinent principles of law and the fine points of practice, and after his graduation he was so well thought of by the faculty that he was appointed instructor and later lecturer of the school.

He remained on the staff of the Boston Law school for five years, wrote considerably for The American Law Review and practiced two years in Boston with ex-United States Senator Bainbridge Wadleigh as partner. In 1883 he turned his eyes toward New York, the land of promise so many bright young men seek in quest of fame and fortune. He was appointed junior assistant to Corporation Counsel Andrews, and the next year sen-



FRANCIS L. WELLMAN.

ior assistant, and defended all of the city's jury trials. During the seven years he held this important post it is said that but one-half of 1 per cent of the damages claimed against the city were recovered by the plaintiffs in the different actions.

In 1891 Mr. Wellman was appointed assistant district attorney, since when his name has become a terror to criminals. He first attracted particular attention by his masterly prosecution of Carlisle W. Harris for the murder of his child wife, Helen Potts Harris. Mr. Wellman worked like a Trojan on the case, which ended in Harris' death by electrocution.

Another great poisoning case in which Mr. Wellman procured a conviction was that of Dr. Robert W. Buchanan, who married a wealthy woman of questionable character and then poisoned her to get her money. Among the other well known criminals convicted by Mr. Wellman were Ben All, New York's "Jack the Ripper," and Frank Ellison, the brutal society man, who was better known as "Biff" Ellison because of his penchant for a fight, especially when the enemy was a smaller man. Mr. Wellman is now engaged in prosecuting the members of the New York police department accused of blackmailing citizens and criminals.

More Locals

—For fresh choice groceries, fall not to remember that P. Leonard & Son are headquarters.

—Thos. Landers and G. A. Folker, of Merrill, were visitors to this city last week, spending a couple of days here.

—Miss Grace Corcoran went down to the Waupaca lakes, last week, to enjoy an outing, a guest of Miss Florence Curran.

—The North Side Lumber Co. is headquarters for all kinds of builders' material, and customers can be accommodated on short notice.

—P. Leonard & Son, the Clark street grocers, carry a full line of flour and feed, which they sell in any quantity desired. A large stock of old oats on hand.

—A good two story residence, with eight rooms and a large lot, located on Ellis street, for sale at a reasonable price. Enquire at this office for further particulars.

—Where he got his fire-water we don't pretend to know, but one thing we do know and that is he had a glorious cargo aboard, and the noble red man was exceeding glad as he and his partner rode their ponies up Main street last Saturday noon, on their way to Pike lake.

KILL HIM.

That was the decision in the Prendergast case of the assassination of Mayor Harrison of Chicago. That is your verdict in regard to your hair, providing you do not take care of it. If your hair has already fallen out, and your head is bald, you should consult someone at once who makes a specialty of the hair. Where the follicles are present, there is cure for you. An examination, which will cost you nothing, may prove of endless value to you. Prof. Birkholz, the German hair specialist of Chicago, where he may be consulted in private, free of charge by those who desire treatment. An examination will cost you nothing, and should he find that there is the slightest chance to cure you, he will treat you under guarantee. Do not let you ask no pay. Call or address Prof. Birkholz, 1011 Madison Temple, Chicago.

—Hand this notice to any first class druggist and he will get the remedy for you at once, if he has not got it in stock.

A CONTRACTOR'S ADVICE.

Dullman's German Medicine Co.—Gentlemen:—I take great pleasure in testifying in behalf of Dullman's German Blood, Liver, Stomach and Kidney Cure. I can safely say that I never took such medicine as that to cleanse the stomach and kidneys. I was suffering for years with biliousness, indigestion and loss of appetite. After taking Dullman's for more than six months' other treatment, and I feel it my duty to testify in its behalf, so others may try it and get cured.

Yours truly, Mrs. M. C. D. Midland, Mich.

For sale by Medling & Co., druggists.

Children Cry for

Pitcher's Castoria.

Buy Dullman's German 25 cent Cough Cure at Medling's.

Buy Dullman's German 25 cent Cough Cure at Medling's.

The greatest worm destroyer on earth is Dullman's German Worm Lozenges, only 25 cents per box. For sale by Medling & Co.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

Most Perfect Made.

For Sale or Exchange.

A forty acre farm, first-class land, two miles from Hancock, with new house and horse barn, together with several horses, wagons, farming tools, etc. For sale, or exchange for city property. Long time given if desired. Enquire at or address this office.

FUNERAL FLOWERS—Any designs can be furnished on short notice, at low prices. Chas. Helm, florist and gardener, Main street, between Normal School and fair grounds.

For neuralgia, head and toothache, rheumatism and all pains, use Dullman's German Liniment, at Medling's.

Buy Dullman's German 15 cent Liver Pills, 40 in each package, at Medling's.

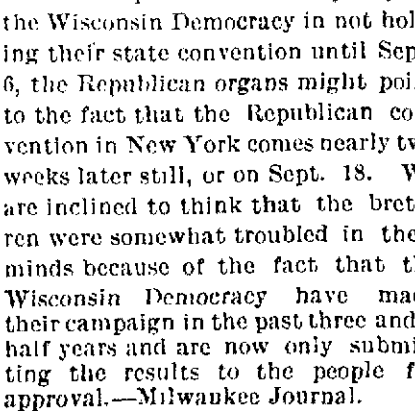
Buy Dullman's German 25 cent Cough Cure at Medling's.

Children Cry for

Pitcher's Castoria.

"I know an old soldier who had chronic diarrhoea of long standing to have been permanently cured by taking Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy," says Edward Shumpik, a prominent druggist of Minneapolis, Minn. "I have sold the remedy in this city for over seven years and consider it superior to any other medicine now on the market for bowel complaints." 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by the H. D. McCulloch Co.

As a sample of the bad policy of the Wisconsin Democracy in not holding their state convention until Sept. 6, the Republican organs might point to the fact that the Republican convention in New York comes nearly two weeks later still, or on Sept. 18. We are inclined to think that the brethren were somewhat troubled in their minds because of the fact that the Wisconsin Democracy have made their campaign in the past three and a half years and are now only submitting the results to the people for approval.—Milwaukee Journal.



INDAPO THE GREAT HINDOO REMEDY FOR ALL DISEASES. INDAPPO IS SO EASY. Cures all Nervous Diseases, Falling Memory, Paralysis, Stomach and Bowel Disorders, gives vigor to shrunken organs, caused by past excesses and quickly restores the system to its normal condition. Indapo is sold in 25 cent and 50 cent bottles. Each bottle contains a full course of treatment. Indapo is sold by all druggists. Write for a free trial bottle. Indapo is sold by all druggists. Write for a free trial bottle. Indapo is sold by all druggists. Write for a free trial bottle.

When in need of paints of any kind call and see our large assortment. We have all grades of ready mixed paints, brushes, etc.

PAINTS, OILS, and WALL PAPER.

Our Stock of Wall Paper was never more complete. We have all the latest designs in wall and ceiling decorations, borders, etc.

H. D. McCulloch Co.

Real Estate.

REAL ESTATE AGENCY

For Lots, Houses, Wild and Improved Lands, Etc.,

ENQUIRE OF

R. H. BUTTERFIELD & CO.

A GRAND OFFER!

MME. A. RUPPERT'S

FACE BLEACH

Mme. A. Ruppert says: I appreciate the fact that there are many thousands of ladies in the United States that would like to try my World Renowned Face Bleach, but have been kept from doing so on account of its price, which is \$2.50 per bottle, or 3 bottles, taken together, \$7.50. In order that all may have an opportunity, I will sell to every caller a sample bottle of 25c, and to those living outside of city, in any part of the world, I will send it safely packed, plain wrapper, all charges prepaid, for 50c. In every case of freckles, pimples, moles, sallowness, blackheads, acne, eczema, oiliness or roughness, or any discoloration or disease of the skin, and wrinkles (not caused by facial expression) Face Bleach removes absolutely. It does not cover up, as cosmetics do, but is a cure. Address all communications or call on Mrs. A. H. RUPPERT, No. 6 East 14th Street, New York City. All my preparations, samples, bottles, etc., can be had at regular prices from my local agent.

Mrs. H. N. Richardson,
Steven's Point, Wis.

Livery Stables.

CITY LIVERY STABLE



BALL & FINCH, PROP'S.

This Stable is provided with the very best turnouts to be obtained in this section of the State, and our rates will be found reasonable. When you wish a first-class rig, either single or double, give us a call.

NEW LIVERY.



STRONG'S AVE., SOUTH SIDE.

A. Lutz, Jr., Prop.

New rigs, good horses and reasonable charges. Give us a call and we will treat you well. Also first-class Hack and Buggy. Telephone No. 55.

J. Iverson's

is headquarters for everything in the line of

WATCHES, CLOCKS,

Jewelry, Silver and

Plated Ware, Optical Goods,


Pianos, Organs, Sewing Machines.

Give us a call and get prices, which you will find lower than the lowest. New goods arriving daily.

M. Neseman,

PRACTICAL HORSE-SHOER

(With the Hoeffer & Chapman Mfg. Co., cor. Brown and 2d Streets.)



Interfering, Forging, Quarter-Toe and Sand Cracks, Toeing in and out, Knee-bumping, Scapling, Paddling, High Action, Hitching and Misgated Horses treated and squared on the most scientific principles.

Make a specialty of light harness horses, and give the closest attention to the trotter and colt; also to chronic interfering and bad feet, etc. Parties at a distance, having valuable or poor-footed horses, desiring the best of skill in shoeing, will do well by calling on me, as I do no work but the very best.

Shoes of all patterns made to order. All the latest pads used with shoeing.

M. Neseman.



COFFEE

A DELICIOUS DRINK

SOLD ONLY IN 1-lb PACKAGES

A BEAUTIFUL CARD IN EVERY PACKAGE

MANY FINE PREMIUMS GIVEN FREE TO DRINKERS OF LION COFFEE

C. Krembs & Bro., Established 1863.

At their store on public square you will always find a full stock of general hardware, tinware, stoves, ranges, lawn mowers, plows, cultivators, pumps, ropes, fence wire, mill supplies of all descriptions, etc. All orders for roofing and other tin and sheet iron work promptly executed. Also agents for the celebrated Boynton furnace.

Something wrong when you tire too easily. Something wrong when the skin is not clear and smooth. Something wrong when the Blood is impure. Everything right when you take Dr. Williams' Sarsaparilla. It recommends itself. Taylor Bros.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

World's Fair Highest Award.

A POSITIVE FACT.

Ladies, do not delay your valuable time by waiting and suffering, but secure a bottle of Dullam's German Female Uterine Tonic and be cured of your monthly trouble either in old or young. It is the very best preparation I ever prescribed in my extensive practice. It has given the best results in the greatest number of cases of female troubles of any medicine that I ever used. I do not make a practice of using or recommending patent medicines, but this remedy is prepared by a very competent physician and chemist of my acquaintance, and I can cheerfully and conscientiously recommend it as the best.

A. C. FRUTH, M. D.,
Specialist of Diseases of Women,
30 East Madison St., Chicago, Ill.
For sale by Mieling & Co., druggists.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money returned. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by John Cadman.

Lumber Prices Down.

We take this method of informing the farmers and all contemplating building this season, that commencing with this date all lumber will be sold for from \$1.00 to \$1.50 per thousand less than former prices. Lath and shingles at proportionately reduced figures. Call and get prices before you buy. Large and full stock in all grades. Also great reduction in prices on sash, doors and blinds. Yard near W. C. R. Co. yard.

Dated, March 14th, 1894.

SOUTH SIDE LUMBER CO.,
per JOHN W. CLIFFORD, Sec.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

For Sale.

A fine tract of land for residence purposes, containing three and one-half acres, situated one block north of the Normal School grounds. Price, \$250 per acre. For further particulars apply to Martin Doyle, 418 Jefferson street, or call at this office. April 11th



JAPANESE PILE CURE

A New and Complete Treatment, consisting of OPPOSITORS, Capsules of Ointment and two doses of Ointment. A never-failing Cure for Piles of every nature and degree. It makes an operation with the knife or injections of carbolic acid, which are painful and seldom a permanent cure, and often resulting in death, unnecessary. Why endure this terrible disease? We guarantee 50 CENTS TO CURE OR REFUND. For only 50 CENTS received. 71 a box, 5 for \$5. Sent by mail. Constipation cured, Piles prevented, the great LIVER and STOMACH BROTH and BLOOD PURIFIER. Small, mild and pleasant to take, especially adapted for children's use. 50 Doses 25 CENTS.

QUANTITIES loaned only by

H. D. McCulloch Co., Druggists,
STEVEN'S POINT, WIS.

FLAMES BY THE ACRE.

EIGHTEEN BLOCKS OF CINDERS AND ASHES AT CHICAGO.

Property Worth About \$1,500,000 Waffled Away by Flames Fanned by a Friendly Wind—Three Fatal Casualties and Several Men Severely Burned.

CHICAGO, Aug. 2.—The lumber district of Chicago was last night visited by one of the most disastrous fires in its history, and the loss will probably foot up between \$1,250,000 and \$1,500,000, although it will be twenty-four hours before the damage can be estimated with accuracy. Following concerns were entirely cleaned out by flames and everything in their yards utterly destroyed: S. K. Martin Lumber company; Wells & French Co., car builders; Perley, Lowe & Co., lumber; Shoemaker & Higbie, lumber; John Spry Lumber company; Edward Hines Lumber company; Conway & Co., cedar posts; W. C. B. Palmer, cedar posts; Whitecomb Cedar Post company; Siemens & Halske, manufacturers of dynamos.

Fifty Fire Engines at Work.

The burned district is about six squares from east to west and about three from north to south. The fire was discovered by a watchman outside of the fence near a shingle shed belonging to Martin & Co. He turned in an alarm, but before the engines arrived the shed was a mass of flames which immediately communicated to the surrounding lumber piles. The flames originated in exactly the right spot, for a strong northwest wind which was blowing carried them through the entire length and breadth of the yards. The wind drove the flames so fiercely that the first engines which arrived were utterly helpless, and call after call for additional help was made until over fifty engines and three fire boats were at work.

Two firemen were badly burned and two other men wounded, one of whom, Otto Raftner, will die.

Firemen Run for Their Lives.

It is not likely that even they would have counted for much had not the wind died out after the fire had been burning an hour. For a time it seemed as if the entire lumber district, which stretches a mile to the south and as far east of the burning yards, must be consumed. The sudden change in the direction of the flames caused by the change in the wind caught several engine companies, and the men were compelled to run for their lives. Two engines were abandoned, the horses and men narrowly escaping death, and the department lost several thousand feet of hose from the same cause.

Fireboats in Great Peril.

The fireboat Yosemite was at work in one of the slips when the direction of the fire changed and the long tongues of flames that shot over her made it necessary that she be moved at once. When the effort was made it was found that the steam was so low that the boat could not be moved rapidly. The men frantically pushed her off with poles and boards and escaped with no more damage than a severe scorching. The fireboat Geyser also had a close call, but ran through the flames and escaped unharmed. Two of her men—John McCann and Thomas Freeding—were badly burned. The large steamed hose which they were holding got away from them and knocked both men over the side of the boat upon a pile of burning cedar posts. Their injuries are not fatal.

Other Casualties and Losses.

In addition to the firemen injured the following casualties occurred: O. to Raftner, fell off lumber pile, back broken and will die; unknown man, struck on the head by the flying cap from a fire engine, knocked into the river and drowned; Peter Phelan, pipeman, inhaled hot air and badly wounded; unknown boy pushed into the river by crowd and drowned.

At 1 o'clock the fire was still burning fiercely with a probability of blazing for twelve hours more, although the flames were under control. The heaviest losses are estimated as follows: Martin & Co., \$500,000; Purley, Lowe & Co., \$145,000; Wells French company, \$300,000; Siemens & Halske, \$300,000. S. K. Martin estimates his loss at \$800,000, with \$600,000 insurance. A peculiar feature of his case is the fact that his insurance would have elapsed at midnight.

To these are added the following: Shoemaker & Higbie, \$125,000; John Spry, \$25,000; Chicago Stove works, \$150,000; Barber Asphalt company, \$100,000; Conway & Co., \$60,000; True & True, \$20,000; Sontheimer & Co., \$40,000; Keystone Lumber company, \$30,000; Wakefield Rattan Co., \$10,000. Slight damage to several other concerns placed at about \$10,000. Nearly all concerns suffering from fire are heavily insured.

RICH RENOMINATED.

The Pingree Element Cast Blank Votes for Governor.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Aug. 1.—The Republican state convention was thoroughly harmonious. Half the ticket was named by acclamation, and but a single ballot was sufficient for the others. The Pingree element was there, but made no hostile demonstrations other than to cast blank ballots on governor and to maintain silence throughout the proceedings, not once taking part in the debate or speech-making. Following is the full ticket nominated: For governor, John T. Rich; lieutenant governor, Alfred Milnes; secretary of state, Rev. Washington Gardner; treasurer, James M. Wilkinson; auditor general, Stanley W. Turner; attorney general, Fred A. Maynard; land commissioner, William A. French; superintendent public instruction, H. M. Pattengill; member board of education, Perry F. Powers.

The platform affirms faith in the doctrine of protection; approves the administration of Governor Rich; advocates reciprocity; favors laws for the settlement of labor disputes, and checks on immigration; says suffrage should be limited to those who are full citizens, and declares in favor of the use of gold and silver at a parity as money.

Named to Run for Congress.

DAVENPORT, Ia., Aug. 2.—At the Republican congressional convention of the Second district of Iowa, M. Curtis, of Clinton, was nominated for congress-man.

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 2.—Brazilio M. Blount was nominated for congress by the Republicans of the Seventh Indiana district by acclamation. Out of sixty delegates elected only twelve were present.

Leading College in Texas Burned.

DALLAS, Tex., July 31.—Mayo college, the leading educational institution of north Texas, at Cooper, Delta county, was destroyed by fire. Loss, \$500,000.

WELLMAN IS HEARD FROM.

His Ship Is Wrecked, but He Goes on with His Enterprise.

THOMSON, Norway, Aug. 3.—Captain Emil Pederson, Engineer Winslip, H. Westfall, mountaineer and cook, and one sailor of the Wellman polar expedition, which left here May 1 on the steamship Reguvald Jarl, under command of Walter Wellman, have arrived here on a whaler. They bring information of the loss of the Reguvald Jarl on May 24. Soon after leaving Dane's island the ship encountered a great field of pack ice and despite every effort to escape the vessel was hemmed in and crushed to pieces.

The crew had time to transfer the greater portion of their provisions, scientific instruments, dogs and aluminum boats to the ice before the ship was destroyed. The men who arrived yesterday left the party after the accident, but Commander Wellman and the balance of the party, undaunted by the loss of their vessel, resolutely set out in search for the pole. It is probable that another boat will be fitted out at once and sent to the relief of the party. Wellman said he would continue as previously planned but would return to Walden's island not later than Sept. 1.

DEMOCRATS AT DES MOINES.

Ex-Gov. Boies the Permanent Chairman The Nominations.

DES MOINES, Aug. 2.—The Democratic state convention was a clear cut Cleveland endorsement. Ex-Governor Boies upheld the politics of the president, and those passages of his speech in which he urged upon congress the duty of getting together were almost wildly applauded. The resolutions also have a strong Cleveland flavor. The Democratic party of Iowa stands on the Chicago platform. The nominations were made in the afternoon without any opposition, by acclamation. The following is the ticket as completed: Secretary of state, H. F. Dale, of Polk; auditor, John Whitfield, of Guthrie; treasurer, L. W. White, of Wayne; supreme judge, long term, John Clegggett, of Cerro Gordo; supreme judge, short term, Edward W. Mitchell, of Fremont; attorney general, J. D. F. Smith, of Cherokee; railroad commissioner, W. L. Parker, of Osceola; clerk of supreme court, T. R. North, of Dallas; for supreme court reporter, J. J. Shea, of Council Bluffs.

NORTH DAKOTA PROHIBITIONISTS.

They Nominate a Ticket Composed of Three Different Elements.

FARGO, N. D., Aug. 1.—The Prohibition state convention swarmed with Populists sufficient in number to control the convention and endorse their ticket. About 200 gathered from all parts of the state, but the central committee required all participating to sign a pledge to support the principles and candidates of the Prohibition party, both state and national, and only seventeen qualified. They endorsed the Republican candidates for judge of the supreme court, governor, and superintendent of public instruction; the Populist candidates for lieutenant governor, treasurer, attorney general and Stevens and Cameron for railway commissioners, and nominated the following independent candidates: S. S. Ellis, member of congress; T. F. Hoy, secretary of state; D. Crietion, auditor; E. A. Taylor, commissioner of insurance; F. M. Arthur, commissioner of agriculture; Rev. E. E. Sanders, railroad commissioner.

ANOTHER ANTI-OPTION BILL.

Introduced in the Senate by Davis and Laid on the Table.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—Another anti-option bill was introduced in the senate by Senator Davis of Minnesota. He stated that he introduced it by request. Senator Harris suggested that it go to the finance committee. Senator George, however, said that inasmuch as it was a bill to raise revenue it should originate in the house. Thereupon the second reading was postponed and the bill was laid on the table.

Senator Davis said to a correspondent that he really knew nothing about the bill. He had received it with the request that he introduce it. The measure is not put together very neatly. Its provisions are similar to those of the Hatch bill, and if passed, it would prove fully as obnoxious to legitimate business men.

Lockjaw from a Burn.

LIMA, O., Aug. 4.—Mrs. Charles Ashton of North Tanager street is suffering from lockjaw, caused in a singular manner. About a week ago she arose early and started a fire before dressing. The brimstone of the match flew off and struck her on the foot, burning her severely, but she paid little attention to it until the foot began to swell. It finally became painful and caused lockjaw.

Two Men Who Can't Run.

DES MOINES, Aug. 4.—W. L. Parker, of Osceola, nominated for railway commissioner, and John Whitfield, of Stuart, nominated for state auditor, by the Democratic convention, will be compelled to decline, as they are posthumers. The state committee will fill their places.

Sensational Suicide.

OMAHA, Aug. 4.—City Clerk Will Wakeley, at a local bathing resort, climbed into a prominent position among hundreds of sight-seers and blew his brains out.

Fire at Eagle Grove, Ia.

FORT DODGE, July 31.—Fire started at Eagle Grove from the explosion of a lamp. About fifteen business houses were destroyed. Loss, \$50,000.

Commissioner Lamoreaux Goes Home.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—Judge Lamoreaux, commissioner of the general land office, has left for his home in Wisconsin to remain a month.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Major HUGH McDONALD, prominent Mason and Grand Army man, at East Tawas, Mich.

OSCAR F. DEWEY, prominent citizen of Goshen, Ind.

JOHN R. HOBSON, well-known trader man, at Chicago.

EDGAR PENNOYER, highly respected physician of Kenosha, Wis.

Judge JOSEPH HOLT, judge advocate of the army and at one time secretary of war, at Washington.

HERMAN F. FREDE, prominent Knights Templar of Detroit, at Atlantic City, N. J.

Dr. JAMES F. FRALEY, well-known citizen of Fairbury, Ill.

J. B. MANUEL, wealthy real estate man, of Indianapolis, at Chicago.

Captain THOMAS C. FULLERTON, of Otawa, Ill., at Bloomington, Ill.

ADAM F. JAROKA, ex-mayor of Du buque, Ia.

A BACKSTOP FOR BULLETS.

Inventor Lennard, the American Herr Dowe, and His Bullet Proof Shield.

In Brooklyn recently a man stood facing a Winchester rifle in the hands of an expert marksman only 35 feet distant and told the marksman to aim at his heart and fire. The marksman was pale and trembled like a leaf, but he raised the rifle, took careful aim, and as the flash of flame shot from the muzzle of his weapon a 45 caliber bullet sped straight toward the heart of his living target. The animated mark simply smiled, stepped forward and removed the bullet proof shield that covered his breast. He was unharmed, and his shield had proved an unqualified success.

LENNARD'S SHIELD.

The name of this American Herr Dowe is W. J. F. Lennard, a stailbuilder and an all round inventor. He is about 40 years old, is a native of New Jersey and lives in Brooklyn. He tips the scales at only 135 pounds, but possesses nerve enough to supply several 300 pound men. For two years past he has been hard at work upon a shield designed to make bullets fool very flat, and when the news was cabled from Germany not long ago that Herr Dowe, a Mannheim tailor, had invented a coat that was an admirable backstop for leaden bullets he lost no time in announcing that he had done a good job of bullet proof tailoring himself.

"My shield," he says, "is 17 inches long, 13 inches wide and 1 1/2 inches thick. The material is a combination of cotton, wool, and felt treated chemically. There is no steel, copper, brass, nickel or any kind of metal plate in it. There are three plates of the composition in the shield at a little distance apart from each other. The shield weighs 11 pounds."

Further than this Mr. Lennard refuses to describe his invention for the very natural reason that he desires to patent it and sell it to the United States or some other government. He does not believe, however, that Herr Dowe's coat is made of the same material as his shield and is confident that his patent backstop can fool bullets more successfully than that of the German tailor. Mr. Lennard is frank to state, however, that his shield is useless against steel bullets.

His main idea in inventing the composition that forms his shield was to produce something that would be more effective than the steel armor plates now used on ships. He believes that he has discovered such a composition, and that a war vessel thus protected will be capable of stopping any projectile that may be fired at it from the heaviest cannon now used by the navies of the world. One of the great advantages of his composition is the fact that it is immeasurably lighter than the heavy steel plates that make warships so unseaworthy.

HE IS QUITE UP TO DATE.

Dr. Nicolas Murray Butler, President of the National Educational Association.

The National Educational association, which has been in existence for 40 years and numbers among its members the most eminent, active and progressive educators in this country, recently closed at Asbury Park one of the most successful and interesting conventions in its history by electing Dr. Nicolas Murray Butler president. Dr. Butler was one of the most prominent figures at the convention, and it is recorded that when he delivered the address of welcome to the delegates on behalf of the New Jersey state board of education he was faultlessly dressed in summer garments of the style most affected by modish young men at the seaside. He is a man who believes the traditional opinion that intellect and style do not mate. He belongs to the young generation of college professors, possessing keen discriminating powers of mind, the gift of oratory and a magnetic personality.

Dr. Butler lives in Paterson and is an active member of the New Jersey state board of education. He is dean of the



DR. NICOLAS MURRAY BUTLER.

school of philosophy of Columbia college, New York city, and is also editor of The Educational Review. He has been at Columbia about three years, having succeeded Professor Alexander.

Dr. Butler is a patriotic Jerseyman, and in his speech of welcome paid the following tribute to the educational system of his state:

"We are proud of our system of public schools, crowned by that state normal school that yields to none in efficiency and progressiveness. You are in a state—of what other can it be said—whose only state tax is levied for the support of the common schools. No uneducated teacher may be paid out of the public funds; no school is a legal school unless conducted for nine months of the year, no life license to teach is issued to a person not professionally trained."

"The laws establishing our centralized system of administration and supervision are admirable and enable a locality to push forward the work of public education as fast and as far as it will, while compelling the sluggish and the negligent, if such there be, to do their share, welding the whole into a state system and giving us that very desirable thing—a state educational policy."

The Pulsometer.

The latest thing out is a pulsometer, by which the life insurance companies can tell to a fraction the exact condition of an applicant's heart beat. An electric pen traces on prepared paper the ongoing, halting and precise pulsations of the blood, showing with the fidelity of science the strength or weakness of the telltale pulse.

TELEGRAPHY UNDER DIFFICULTIES.

Little Monotony in the Life of an Operator in Persia.

Lieutenant Colonel Wells gives a lively sketch of the little experiences which break, sometimes a trifle too roughly, the monotony of the life of telegrapher in a Persian city. In Shiraz an old palace does duty as a telegraph office, one end being occupied by the British and the other by the Persian administration. A square in front of the palace is a favorite site for political and other disturbances, and in times of popular excitement the first point to which the crowds gravitate is the Persian telegraph office. The popular leader demands that a petition embodying the wrongs of the citizens shall be dispatched to the shah. If the reply is not quickly forthcoming, the mob usually clears out the officials and smashes up all the instruments.

A move is then made for the British office, and a message is dictated to the superintendent, who has to forward it to the dictator in Teheran. This functionary hands copies of it to her Britannic majesty's minister, the grand vizier and the Persian minister of telegraph and consults them with a view to obtaining protection for his staff. The position in which the senior British telegraph official at the sending station is placed in the meantime is that of a hostage in the hands of the mob. In a very serious riot which occurred the superintendent at Shiraz was so detained and was not allowed to leave the office precincts for five days. The local government was powerless to afford protection, as his troops, seeing the chance of a few days' relaxation, with a dash of mild excitement thrown in, had promptly fraternized with the insurgents at the beginning of the outbreak. The tact of the superintendent served him in good stead during this trying ordeal, through which not a moment's delay occurred to the international messages, and not the slightest damage was done to the office. A few years ago a less fortunate outcome of such a difficulty could have been expected. The civilizing effect of the Indo-European telegraph is remarkable.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

SOME SECRET INKS.

Letters That Appear Invisible Until They Are Exposed to Heat.

Letters written with a solution of gold, silver, copper, tin or mercury dissolved in aqua fortis, or, simpler still, of iron or lead in vinegar, with water added until the liquor does not stain a white paper, will remain invisible for two or three months if kept shut up in the dark, but on exposure for some hours to the open air will gradually acquire color or will do so instantly on being held before the fire.

Each of these solutions gives its own peculiar color to the writing—gold, a deep violet; silver, slate; lead and copper, brown, but all possess this common disadvantage—that in time they cut away the paper, leaving the letters in the form of perforations. There are a vast number of other solutions that become visible on exposure to heat or on having a heated rod passed over them, the explanation being that the matter is readily burned to a sort of charcoal, simplest among which we may mention lemon juice or milk, but the one that produces the best result is made by dissolving a scruple of sal ammoniac in two ounces of water.

Writing with rice water, to be rendered visible by the application of iodine, was practiced successfully in the correspondence with Jellalabad in the first Afghan war. The letter was concealed in a quill. On opening it a small paper was unfolded, on which appeared the single word "Iodine." The magic liquid was applied, and therewith appeared an important dispatch from Sir Robert Sale.—Chambers' Journal.

In the Embrace of an Octopus.

"Only one who has ever experienced the embrace of an octopus can have any idea of them," said L. P. Harkins. "I was bathing at one time off the Florida reefs when suddenly I felt something cold and slimy touch my leg and begin to encircle it. The sensation was not that of pain, but similar to that experienced when you are falling under the influence of a powerful opiate. Then a long arm reached up and grabbed me by the shoulder. For the first time I realized my danger. I was but a short distance from the shore and within halting distance of several friends. I called to them for help and started to make a desperate effort to pull the sea monster out to the sands. I succeeded in fighting off the arms that sought to encircle my body, but my lower limbs were securely fastened. My friends responded at once, or I would have lived but a few minutes longer, as my strength was nearly gone. The water was not deep, and they could see the octopus plainly. A few strokes of a cutlass, and I was free. The creature was captured and measured seven feet from the center of his body to the end of his longest tentacles."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

The Glare From the Rails.

A retired railroad engineer says: "I often hear people enlarge upon the difficulties of driving a locomotive in the dark or during a heavy rain; but, for my part, nothing ever gave me more anxiety than continuous sunshine. Color blindness is frequently nothing more than intense pain in the eyes caused by watching objects which reflect the light and upon which the sun is shining. In a run of several hours the glare from the rails which strikes the eyes while watching for track obstructions, and more particularly for rails which have been forced out of line by the heat, is very trying, and often when I have left the locomotive after such a run I have found the greatest comfort in resting in a room where Egyptian darkness prevailed. A man is afraid to wear smoked glasses lest he should be suspected of color blindness and lose his position. But some protection of this kind would greatly prolong the career of many an engineer and fireman."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Large Salary of the French President.

As presidential salaries go, the pay of the French president is liberal. He receives 1,200,000 francs, or \$43,000 per annum. The salary of the president of the United States is \$50,000 (\$10,000), while the vice president gets \$8,000 (\$1,600). The president of the Swiss confederation has to be content with a very modest sum, his services being valued at only \$300 per annum. The presidents of the South American republics are paid on a more liberal scale, the president of Chile, for instance, getting about \$3,000. But it is not every one who would care to rule the destiny of a South American republic at that figure.—Westminster Gazette.

Directions.

Customer—I am furnishing a modern floor-walker.—The toy department is on stairs.—Detroit Tribune.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—Latest United States Government Food Report.
Royal Baking Powder Co., 106 Wall St., N.Y.

The Gazette.

By ED. D. GLENNON.

Terms. \$2.00 per Annum.

Extra copies of the Gazette may be secured at this office.

Democratic State Convention.

HEADQUARTERS DEMOCRATIC STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.—MILWAUKEE, Wis., July 12th, 1894.—At a meeting of the State Central Committee, held in this city on June 28th, the Chairman was instructed to give notice that the State Convention of delegates of the Democratic party of the state of Wisconsin will be held in the city of Milwaukee, on the 6th day of September, 1894, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of nominating candidates for the various elective state offices, to be voted for at the general election November next, and for the transaction of any other business under the jurisdiction of the Convention. The apportionment is one delegate for each 500 votes or major fraction thereof, cast for Governor at the last general election, and Portage county will be entitled to five delegates. E. C. WALL, Chairman.

Democratic Congressional Convention.

A Democratic Congressional Convention for the Eighth Congressional District, of the state of Wisconsin, will be held at the Court House in the city of Green Bay, on Tuesday, the 11th day of September, 1894, at 10 o'clock a.m., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Member of Congress for said district, and transacting such other business as may come before the convention. The representation to which each county in the district is entitled is as follows: Brown, 7; Door, 1; Kewaunee, 4; Portage, 5; Outagamie, 5; Waupaca, 4; Wood, 5. By order of Congressional Committee. R. WINSLOW, Chairman.

More Locals.

—Have your photos made by Ennor. When you will be satisfied.

—Mrs. E. H. Cutler and children left for Dover, Minn., last Thursday, to spend a few weeks with relatives. —Melvin and Miss Dolly Percey, of Oshkosh, are guests at the home of their uncle, W. H. Skinner, on Main street.

—A very desirable store building on Main street until recently occupied by Jensen & Co., for rent. Enquire of J. Iverson.

—Sale! Sale! Sale! Remnants, odds and ends. Bargains in all summer goods, at the Cheap Cash Store, opposite post office.

—Ladies, when you want the choicest summer dress goods, that are now going at about one-half price, call at W. J. Leonard's.

—A very handsome line of summer hats can be found at W. J. Leonard's. The present prices that he is offering will certainly sell every one of them at once.

—Are you interested in sanitary plumbing, heating and gas fitting? We are practical. PATTERSON & EGGLESTON, 111 N. Third street. Telephone 62.

—A little son arrived in the family of Dr. and Mrs. E. N. Sartell, at Marathon City, on Saturday last, and we are informed that all are happy and doing well.

—Misses Arlie C. and Ellen M. Baker, of Billings, Mont., are in the city visiting at the residence of their brother, R. F. Baker, while on their way west after spending several weeks at Oshkosh, their former home. Both young ladies hold positions in the public schools at Billings.

—Prof. H. E. Speedy, of Detroit, is in the city, having been engaged by the Union Guild of the Episcopal church to present the "Kermis" for the benefit of that congregation. Dates have not been decided on as yet, but the play will be presented in the Andrae Opera House, for two or three nights, about the middle of September. Full particulars will be given in later issues.

—Two houses, at the corner of Jefferson street and Center avenue, for rent. One with 6 rooms and the other 12 rooms, the latter being supplied with a hot air furnace. Fair price to the right parties. Enquire of Matt. Adams on premises or at Central Hotel. Also 35 acres of land adjoining fair grounds on the east, on Main street, four blocks from Normal school, for sale cheap, in whole or in acre tracts. Suitable for a park or acre residence property. 2w

—Sewing girls who desire to learn the trade can find employment by calling at 702 Clark street. tf

—The Amphion band will furnish music during the W. C. T. U. supper, in court house yard, this evening.

—The first whole car load of water melons, of this season's growth, in this city, received only by L. A. Hyman.

—Miss Edith Nugent returned to her home in the town of Almond, this morning, after spending a month with relatives here.

—K. A. Butkewitz, who rented a store in the J. Iverson block a couple of weeks ago, with the intention of opening up a drug store, has concluded to remain in Chicago. He paid Mr. Iverson a half months rent in advance, and now the latter is waiting for another tenant.

—John H. Brennan has been at Clintonville for several days past, where he went to commence two important cases, one of the taxpayers of Clintonville to enjoin the building of the new city hall, on the ground that the constitutional provisions have not been followed in raising the tax, and also one by the town of Weyauwega vs. the Waupaca Starch and Potato Co. to restrain the company from dumping garbage into the river.

—Mr. C. K. Lien, of this city, is representing the Funk & Wagnall's Standard Dictionary of the English language. This work has been four years in preparation by 247 specialists, and its wonderful vocabulary of 300,000 words and phrases is twice that of any other single volume dictionary. You should take the first opportunity to see this great work. Both in total cost of production, and in its far reaching effect as an educator in the homes of the people, it is the grandest literary enterprise ever undertaken in America.

MILWAUKEE has 86,140 children of school age, according to the census just completed, indicating an increase of 5,121 during the past year. On this basis it is estimated that the city has a population of 267,034.

DURING the war a funeral sermon was preached at Racine for Maj. Upham, it being reported that he was dead. On the 6th of next November the Major will have an opportunity, if in good health, to attend his political funeral, and the sermon will be waived by the breezes.

The trustees of the Veteran's home, at Waupaca, have adopted a new set of rules, which will go into effect at once and prove of mutual benefit to the veterans and management alike. It is said that Capt. Caldwell and wife will remain in charge of the home.

JOHN J. JENKINS, of Chippewa Falls, has been nominated for congress by the Republicans of the 10th district, to succeed Nils P. Haugen. E. G. Mills, of Superior, and Rock Flint, of Menominee, were also candidates for the nomination, but Jenkins received a large majority on the first ballot.

The American Railway Union in Chicago have declared off the strike instituted in behalf of the Pullman employees. The strike is therefore off in that city, except as to the Santa Fe and the Chicago & Eastern Illinois railroads, and the employees who were called out will now be at liberty to resume work—if they can get it.

THE U. S. senate on Monday passed a bill for the deportation of anarchists, which provides for the inspection of immigrants by treasury agents instead of by consuls, as in the measure recently passed by the House. Undesirable immigrants are not wanted in this country, and the present administration propose to let them understand it in an unmistakable manner.

A THIRD term may be a little out of the usual custom, but if any of the present state officers are to head the Democratic ticket this fall, it should be the present incumbent, Geo. W. Peck, who has made a true and efficient executive, a friend to the masses, prompt in the discharge of his duty under all circumstances, and whose popularity is now even greater than when he was first elected in 1890.

THE Alabama state election took place Monday, there being only two tickets in the field, Democratic and Populist. The white faction of the Republican party endorsed the Populist ticket, (anything to beat the Democrats, you know) and the party was well supplied with funds from Republican organizations in the north. The colored Republicans held a state convention and endorsed the Democratic ticket. The Democratic ticket was elected, together with a legislature which will return John T. Morgan to the senate.

ON August 1, Judge Siebecker rendered judgments against ex-State Treasurers Baetz and Kuehn for interest on state funds retained during their terms of office, 1870 to 1878, aggregating \$181,015. The cases heretofore tried arose under the law of 1876, which specified that all fees and prequisites should be paid into the treasury. The defense in these last cases was that this law of 1876 condoned all previous offences; but the judge held otherwise. The case will doubtless go to the supreme court, for final determination of this new question.

"New New York," as it appears when viewed from east or west—from Brooklyn or from New Jersey—will be the subject of a double-page illustration in HARPER'S WEEKLY for August 11th. An excellent idea is given, among other things, of the locations and comparative sizes of lowering new business buildings, and we are once more reminded that, in what may be termed its human values—in the visible life it bears, or adjoins, or ministers to—the most impressive waterway in the whole world is that which separates Brooklyn from New York.

DUN'S Review, of last Saturday, says that an important change in the state of business is near at hand. Congress will act on the tariff question, one way or the other, in all probability, within a week. If it passes the pending bill, or if it fails, in either case the definite basis for future business will enable many to act who are now waiting. Whether the one course or the other would stimulate the greater increase, it is certain that either would give relief from present paralyzing uncertainties, and cause some increase in business at least for a time. So much business has been deferred during the past year, and merchandise stocks have been so reduced, that the mere approach of a decision, without certainty what it is to be, has this week encouraged large preparation for increased business. In spite of outgoing gold and sinking treasury reserves, small railroad earnings, some injury to crops, and increased trouble in the coke regions, the tone and the outlook are more hopeful.

LET THE RECORD SPEAK.

The financial record of the Democratic state administration is without a parallel in the history of the state. The more the people study the figures the less becomes the wonder that the Republican state convention could not attack the record, says the Milwaukee Journal. Here is one comparison for the attention of the people: The state tax levy for four Republican years was as follows: 1887, \$878,581.20; 1888, \$1,069,641.95; 1889, \$873,887.78; 1890, \$891,660.42; total for four years, \$3,713,671.35. Four Democratic years: 1891, \$988,886.15; 1892, \$1,018,720; 1893, \$1,018,720; 1894, \$240,000; total, four years, \$3,266,326.15. Less state taxes for Democratic period, \$447,245.20. The state has grown largely in population and the needs of the state institutions are much greater, but the total tax levy for four years is nevertheless nearly half a million dollars less under Democratic rule than for the same length of time under Republican rule. The record speaks for itself.

The interest received on investments and deposits of the educational trust funds of the state for the last four years of Republican administration amounted to \$445,393.37. For the three years and seven months of Democratic administration up to Aug. 1, 1894, the interest on such funds amounted to \$596,757.81. Excess in favor of Democratic management of the trust funds, \$151,364.44. The remainder of the year 1894 will add another \$75,000, making about \$225,000 or more to the credit of the Democratic administration. The record speaks for itself.

The taxpayer should not forget that the interest earned by deposits of the public funds for three and one-half years of Democratic state administration amounts to about \$98,000. The \$46,000 mentioned in the official order of the state tax commissioners as a part of the surplus that can be used to reduce taxation this year is simply the interest earned by the general fund of the treasury and the trust funds have earned another \$52,000. The interest for the month of July brings the total up to over \$100,000.

Soon in New Quarters.

A. V. Fetter, the plumber and gas fitter, will remove to the building now occupied by the Citizens National bank as soon as the same is vacant. He will then put in an elegant line of gas and electric combination fixtures and globes, of all styles, and be prepared to wholesale beer pumps and sewer pipe. Reserve your orders.

TOO LATE.

EDITORS GAZETTE.—The Germans have a story which describes how a philosopher manufactured an imitation of man, or animal, which by the almost supreme power of its maker, became endowed with life and followed its creator with malignant persistency until death came to his rescue. The burden of some of the speeches in recent Republican conventions, made in nominating their candidates, forcibly brings the old German story to mind. "Close the gates of Castle Garden tighter than a beer bottle," was the illustration which should be understood. "Stop immigration; keep back the hordes of foreigners that flock to our shores. They are responsible for, and the cause of all our troubles that now afflict the body politic." Too late, gentlemen of these conventions, you are too late. In this instance especially, repentance has been delayed too long. When, during the war of the rebellion, the mechanics and laboring men generally were in the army, wages, owing to the scarcity of labor, became high. The manufacturers, mine owners, vessel owners and others, laid their complaints before congress, pleading to be permitted to import help from Italy, Hungary, Poland and other countries of Europe to take the places of Americans who were trying to prevent a disruption of the republic. A Republican congress gave the required permission and we are now reaping the natural, logical and inevitable harvest. At this juncture I will quote a single section of that law, approved on July 4th, 1864. It is well that we all refresh occasionally our memories. I quote from Section 2, chapter 235, laws 1864, United States statutes at large:

Section 2. Be it further enacted, etc., that all contracts that shall be made by or for the United States in foreign countries, in conformity to regulations that may be established by the said commissioner, whereby emigrants shall pledge the wages of their labor for a term by disengagement, whether to repay the expenses of their emigration, shall be held valid in law and may be enforced in the courts of the United States, or of the several states and territories, and such advances, if so stipulated in the contract, and the contract be recorded in the recorder's office in the county where the emigrant settled, shall operate as a lien upon any land thereafter acquired by the emigrant, whether under the homestead law, when the title is consummated, or on property otherwise acquired, until liquidated by the emigrant.

This law stood for twenty years and made it possible for our great corporations and large manufacturers in this country, who desired to take advantage of it, to import pauper laborers from all parts of continental Europe and so displace our American laborers. Comment here is wholly unnecessary. For thirty years, under the false pretense of benefit to the American laborer, the product of labor has been taxed heavily, while every gate has been wide open to the influx of the dreaded "pauper labor," which has gradually, but not slowly, displaced the very labor which the protective legislation hypocritically pretended to benefit. In these days of conventions, and I will say, no later than July 18th last, one of the speakers in a Republican convention had the sublimity of gall to avow that "the way to protect labor was to protect the product of labor." And this after more than thirty years of "protecting the product of labor;" this after the panic of 1873; after the lockouts and strikes of 1877, when labor becoming desperate and discouraged over the situation, rose in rebellion almost and destroyed millions of property and were only finally suppressed by military force. The authors of all this misery were astounded, they couldn't account for it, nor understand it, and after consulting together, arrived at the conclusion that more "protection to the products of labor" was what we were suffering for, and at first safe opportunity the blessed (cursed) McKinley bill was given them, and they ought to have been happy, according to the political doctors. But the ungrateful wretches celebrated the passage of this great concession by the Homestead riots and the riots at Buffalo and other places, and at this present time, with the McKinley bill in full and uninterrupted operation, a measure under the beneficent operation of which the laboring men were to have pianos and gold watches, and ride to their daily toil in their own covered carriages, under which the land would flow with milk and honey—even now we are suffering from the worst strike the country ever witnessed; labor is more discontented, wages are lower and capital more arrogant than ever before. The fact was also disclosed that after a generation of protection to American labor, the laborers were obliged to seek free soup houses before they had been out of work a week.

Gentlemen of these conventions, your remedy comes too late to do any good, if, indeed, it was meant for anything but a bid for the votes of the un-American, dark-lantern successors to the Know-Nothing party of forty

years ago. The high tide of foreign immigration has been reached, been passed, and during all the years that the swarms of the worst and most degraded of the population of Europe has been dumped upon our shores, not a syllable of objection or protest has been heard from you. Why this sudden and mysterious change of front on this all important matter? It is as true of nations as of individuals, "That whatsoever a man soweth that also shall he reap." You have sown your foreign contract labor bills, your donation of public lands to railroads, your subsidies to manufacturers in the shape of protection, tariffs, discrimination between bond-holders and people, and finally the culminating atrocity, the McKinley infamy, and the country is reaping the harvest. Surely we are a fortunate people that it is no worse. Are you proud of your work? A. J. L.

THIS SHOULD INTEREST YOU.

It is just as necessary for a man to get good reading matter as it is to get good food. We have just made arrangements which may be of interest to you, dear sir, who are glancing down this column of type. The arrangement is this: We will give you that greatest of all Democratic papers, the New York Weekly World, and this paper, both for one year each, for \$2.25, or we will send you this paper for one year and The Weekly World for six months for the regular yearly price of this paper alone, \$2.00. The campaign now begun is going to be a very important one. Here is the opportunity to get your own local paper and the leading metropolitan journal of the country at extraordinary low rates.

Does this interest you?

If it does, and you think it worth while to take advantage of this great special offer while it lasts, send \$2.00 and get The Weekly World for six months and THE GAZETTE, one year. Old subscribers can also take advantage of this great opportunity by paying up all arrears. Address THE GAZETTE, Stevens Point.

A Timely Suggestion.

The market on coal is in all probability lower this month than it will be any other time this year. We would suggest as a means of avoiding paying the usually high price, that coal consumers buy their season's supply of us now while there is a certainty of getting a low figure on it. We handle genuine Lehigh. aug8tf JOHN RICE & BRO. CO.

Office Furniture and Fixtures.

The Pfaffner & Rounds Co., who are about to move into rooms in the new Citizens National bank, offer their safe, office furniture and fixtures and a combination wood and coal stove for sale cheap. Enquire at their office. jy11tf

DR. J. R. WARD, VETERINARY SURGEON AND DENTIST.

Graduate of Honor, Toronto Veterinary College. Late Inspector United States Government.

Calls Night and Day promptly attended to. Charges very reasonable.

Office, J. P. DORSEY'S LIVERY STABLE Telephone 45.

Residence, ARLINGTON HOUSE. Telephone 24.

BENNETT'S BREAD

Here is Bread which strengthens man's heart and therefore is called the

STAFF OF LIFE.

Coal Coal! Coal

You can buy coal cheaper during the months of August and September, than at any time this season, and be assured of as good quality as has been sold in seasons past. Delivered when wanted. Telephone shops, No. 31, or residence, No. 15.

R. A. COOK.

STILL THEY GO! \$ EVERY DOLLAR'S \$

Worth of Seasonable Goods, to be closed out at a Sacrifice. No matter how fine or how desirable, how old or how new, they must all go at one price or another.

Stocks Must be Cleaned Up,

For it's an imperative rule that W. J. Leonard has made, *Not to carry Summer Goods over.* The decks are cleared for action, and today we begin a Sale that will create some talk.

Prices Surpassing Anything Ever Attempted in the Way of Underselling!

Values Sacrificed! Prices cut to make people glad to get the goods. Slaughter began Wednesday, July 11th, and will continue until the entire stock of Summer Goods is sold. This includes Dress Goods, Ladies' Underwear and Hosiery, Men's, Boys' and Youths' Clothing, AT HALF PRICE. Shoes and Summer Hats going at a Sacrifice.

W. J. LEONARD.

Awarded
 Highest Honors—World's Fair
DR. PRICE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER
 MOST PERFECT MADE.
 A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free
 from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.
The Gazette.
OFFICIAL COUNTY PAPER.
 WEDNESDAY, AUG 8, 1894.

—Baled hay at P. Leonard & Son's.

—Misses Rose Gross and Katherine Jacobs were Oshkosh visitors last week.

—Buyers delight to inspect a fine stock of shoes, and this they can find at W. J. Leonard's.

—A car load of fresh Missouri water melons, direct from the growers, just received by L. A. Hyman only.

—Miss Katherine Krech, of Portage, has been visiting at the residence of Mrs. John Week for a few days.

—W. F. Kenefick and Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Entzminger visited with Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Fox, at Wausau, last week.

—P. Leonard & Son, on Clark street, have the exclusive agency for the Silver Leaf tea, the best in the market. Try it.

—The great sacrifice sale at W. J. Leonard's is attracting the attention of the public, and this is the time for bargains.

—Mrs. N. Kalaschinske and daughter, Miss Addie Ford, are visiting relatives and friends at Rhineland and Minocqua.

—P. Leonard & Son have just received a full line of flavoring extracts, which they will sell in quantities to suit purchasers.

—Engineer Jas. Cassidy, who runs on the Ashland division of the Central, has been in the city for several days, while his engine is undergoing repairs.

—Shoes for ladies, shoes for men and shoes for the little ones, at Leonard's. You will be surprised at the prices he is offering, if you make him a call.

—Miss Clara Oldewalt, of Milwaukee, has been in the city for several days, a guest of Mrs. G. A. Manthey. Miss Oldewalt is a teacher in the public schools.

—Mr. and Mrs. M. Scanlan, of Buena Vista, left for Wilber, Neb., on Tuesday morning, where they will visit with relatives and friends for two or three weeks.

—A full stock of lumber of all kinds, as well as timber, lath, shingles, etc., can be found at the North Side Lumber Co. yard. They are making a specialty of the retail trade.

—Every dollar's worth of summer goods that I have in stock must be sold at my first annual sale now in full voice, if low prices will avail.

W. J. LEONARD.

—If you intend to buy any lumber or shingles this season, fail not to call on the South Side Lumber Co. They have just made a great reduction in prices. Yard south of Central track.

—F. A. Krembs, Arthur Week and John Peickert spent a few hours at Merrill, on Sunday, witnessing a game of ball between the Grand Rapids and Merrill nines, in which the latter were victorious.

—Miss E. A. Van Voorheese has opened a dress making establishment at 702 Clark street, in the building formerly occupied by Dr. C. F. Phillips, and respectfully asks a share of the public patronage.

—Louis A. Rousseau, of Merrill, Albert Rousseau, of La Crosse, and Frank Rousseau, of West Superior, all of whom were called here by the death of their father, M. A. Rousseau, have returned to their labors.

—Mrs. Jedd Chenevert and Mrs. Henry Heil spent last week visiting with relatives and friends at Fond du Lac. They were accompanied home by Miss Emma Chenevert, who will make an extended visit here.

—Those who wish to buy lumber, sash, doors or blinds, should not fail to remember the South Side Lumber Co. The largest stock in Portage county, complete in all grades and sizes, while prices have been reduced in accordance with the times. Call at once.

—Pure and refined is the Richard & Pringle Minstrel Co.
 —Attend the special sale of water melons at L. A. Hyman's.
 —Miss Hallie Clark is visiting among friends at Spencer and Marshfield.
 —Use good, sound, solid judgment by having Ennor do your photographic work.
 —John Een, of Amherst, was a pleasant caller when in the city on Monday.
 —State Veterinarian Toussant, of Milwaukee, was a Stevens Point visitor last week.
 —A firstclass burglar and fire proof safe, large size, for sale at a bargain. Call at this office.
 —Miss Mame Dunegan has been at Grand Rapids for several days, visiting at the Arpin residence.
 —For your choice family groceries, fail not to call on P. Leonard & Son, Clark street, opposite Jacobs House.
 —Mrs. B. F. Pereles, of Milwaukee, has been in the city for several days, visiting with her sister, Mrs. Henry Bender.
 —Miss Ella Rice, daughter of John Rice, is now employed as book-keeper at the Singer sewing machine office on Strong's avenue.
 —The Democratic Congressional convention for this district will be held at Green Bay on Tuesday, Sept. 11th. See call in this issue.
 —Twenty thousand dollars worth of seasonable goods are now being disposed of at W. J. Leonard's. Attend his great sacrifice sale.
 —When wanting ladies' underwear and hosiery, the place to call is at W. J. Leonard's, and this is the time. Goods going at one-half price.
 —The great annual clearing sale at W. J. Leonard's is now in full force, and all buyers of summer goods can save money by giving him a call.
 —P. Leonard & Son are giving a fine descriptive book of sights and scenes at the World's Fair, to purchasers of a certain amount of goods at their store. Call and see the book.
 —Rev. Webster Millar and family, of this city, have been camping at the Waupaca lakes during the past week. They are joined by two brothers of Mr. Millar, with their families.
 —The G. A. R. Post of this city has sent \$25.00 to Commander Watrous, of Milwaukee, in aid of the Phillips fire sufferers, and the Woman's Relief Corps have forwarded an additional \$5.00.
 —The Methodist ladies will hold a lawn social on Thursday evening, Aug. 9th, at the home of Mrs. Geo. Van Buskirk, corner Pine and Brawley streets. Cake and ice cream will be served. All are invited.
 —Rev. J. J. Fox, of Marinette, who is well known in this city, and a brother of A. M. Fox, has recently been appointed vicar general of the diocese of Green Bay. Rev. Theo. Richards, of Wausau, will succeed Father Fox at Marinette.
 —Among the list of contributors to the Phillips relief fund, published last week, Messrs. John Rice & Bro. were credited with giving 50 cents, instead of \$5.00. We gladly make this correction, as Messrs. Rice are among our most liberal and progressive citizens.
 —John Blanchard came up from Chicago, last week, and will remain during the balance of this week visiting friends. John, who is a son of Homer Blanchard, is now clerking in the Peabody jewelry establishment, one of the leading institutions of its kind in the west.
 —When you want the service of a hack, telephone No. 45 or 10. You will always find Claud on hand. He attends to all trains on the W. C. and Green Bay roads, night and day, and will carry you to any part of the city with safety and despatch. Remember, telephones No. 45 or 10.
 —Mrs. J. E. Rogers left for Adrian, Mich., the first of the week, to remain for some time visiting with friends there and at other points.
 —Mrs. C. D. Hinckley and little daughter left for the same place, on Sunday evening, to visit at the home of her husband's parents. Miss Mabel Rogers is sojourning with Ashland friends.
 —Dr. J. R. Ward, a graduate of the veterinary college at Toronto, Canada, and late inspector for the U. S. government, has located in this city and is prepared to attend to all calls for veterinary surgery and dentistry. He has his office at J. P. Dorsey's livery stable. See his card in another column of this issue.
 —The South Side Lumber Co., of this city, now has branch yards at Bancroft, Hancock and Montello, the first being in charge of Mr. McIntee. One of the Moors brothers has charge of the Hancock yard, and Mr. McDonald the Montello yard. Each of the yards will be well stocked with all grades of lumber needed in the community, and it is now being shipped in car load lots.

—Fresh California peaches, pears, grapes, plums and other fruit, at low prices, at L. A. Hyman's.
 —A full line of drugs and stationery, at Atwell's store, in the Glover brick block, Division street.
 —Mrs. A. E. Bosworth has been spending several days among relatives and friends at Fond du Lac.
 —If you want a suit of clothes, from one that will fit the largest man or the smallest boy, call at W. J. Leonard's.
 —The residence on Main street, recently occupied by J. P. Leonard, is for sale or rent. Enquire at the store of W. J. Leonard.
 —W. J. Leonard wishes to call your attention to his advertisement, and to remind you that he will do just as he says. Look it over.
 —The family of Jas. Rawley, Jr., formerly of De Pere, are now residents of Sherman, Mr. Rawley being employed by the Plover Paper Co.
 —Miss Louisa Ward returned to her home in Oshkosh, last Saturday, accompanied by Miss Grace Skinner, who will visit there for several days.
 —Are you interested in sanitary plumbing, heating and gas fitting? We are practical. PATTERSON & EGGLESTON, 111 N. Third street. Telephone 62.
 —Fall and winter goods are arriving daily at W. J. Leonard's, and before making up your mind to purchase anything in this line, please give him a call.
 —Mr. and Mrs. Aug. Kitowski and children, of Ashland, came down last Saturday night, to attend the wedding of the former's sister and visit friends for a few days.
 —The Merrill News, which is among our most valued exchanges, came out last week with a new head and almost entire change of dress, looking more attractive than ever.
 —When wanting ceiling decorations, borders, wall papers, etc., of the finest and best, call at the H. D. McCulloch Co. store. Headquarters for everything in this line.
 —Miss Myra Congdon entertained a large number of young friends, last Friday evening, at the home of her parents, J. R. Congdon and wife. Dancing was indulged in.
 —Mr. and Mrs. Fred. Hodson are the happy parents of a little son, which came to bless their home on Saturday last. All doing well, and the price of cream remains the same.
 —J. W. Evans and wife, of Wau-paca, who have many friends here, mourn the loss of their little son, Kenneth, aged about three years, who died last Saturday after a very short illness.
 —Pat. Downing and B. B. P., two Stevens Point horses, will take part in the Milwaukee races, next Wednesday, Aug. 15th, having been entered for the 2:13 trot. B. B. P. and Maggie Sherman will "go" in races Thursday, the latter in the 2:16 class.
 —Claude Wright and Harry Miller, who have been taking views at New London, Antigo, Rhineland and other places, for the past seven weeks, are again at home. They report business very poor, too many other photographers being in the field.
 —A light frost is reported from some parts of this county, last Thursday night, doing no damage. At other points the late corn crop is reported to have been slightly nipped. In this city the government thermometer went down to 40°, or eight degrees above freezing.
 —The Democratic convention for this county to elect delegates to the state, congressional and senatorial conventions, will be held at the court house in this city on Saturday afternoon, Sept. 1st, at 2 o'clock. The call will be published in the next issue of THE GAZETTE.
 —A. W. Breitenstein, of Stockton, who is attending the Business College in this city, has purchased the Chas. Joseph property, at the corner of Ellis and George street. It consists of a large residence and two lots, and the consideration was \$1,650. Jos. E. Leonard has owned the property for a year or more.
 —By the change in time on the G. B. & St. P. Ry., which took effect July 29th, persons taking the 6:30 a. m. train can make close connection at New London Junction, with the C. & N. W. Ry. for all points north of New London, and will reach Rhineland at 1:57 the same afternoon, thereby considerably shortening the time consumed between these points.
 —A man named Chas. White, who says his home is at Grand Rapids, Mich., had both arms terribly crushed by being run over by a Northwestern train, at Stratford, Marathon county, last week, and they were amputated above the elbows, by Wausau doctors that day. He is a married man, and was evidently trying to steal a ride, as he tried to jump on the front platform of the baggage car as the train pulled out.

—M. E. Means and family, after a six weeks' outing at Tomahawk Lake, Oneida county, returned home on Monday evening. That they all enjoyed camping life there is no doubt, and a reference to the fact that Mr. Means gained ten pounds during his absence and comes home as robust as a woodsman, will prove this beyond question.
 —The board of review or equalization, consisting of the mayor, treasurer, city clerk and assessors, have completed the work of equalizing the value of real estate and personal property throughout the city. City Clerk Rogers has not figured up the totals as yet, but he estimates the valuation to be just about the same as last year.
 —J. J. Piffner, bookkeeper for Bosworth & Reilly during the past few years, now holds a similar position with the Piffner & Rounds Lumber Co., having entered upon the discharge of his duties on the 1st inst. Mr. Piffner is a firstclass office man and a good citizen and THE GAZETTE is pleased to know that he and his family will continue to reside here.
 —Bloomers have been introduced in Stevens Point, and although it may take more than the ordinary amount of nerve on the part of fair maidens to wear them for the first time in any community, it must be admitted that the change is not entirely an innovation. This mode of dress will certainly become popular for lady cyclists throughout the country in due time.
 —Mr. and Mrs. John Shaffer, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Geo. W. Cook, of Waukesha, left on a western tour, last Sunday morning. Mr. and Mrs. Shaffer expect to be absent about two weeks, and will visit the Yellowstone Park and other points of interest on the N. P. road, while Mr. and Mrs. Cook will extend their trip to the coast, returning about Sept. 1st.
 —A. G. Hamacker is again at home after an absence of several months in the south. The latter part of the winter was spent at Knoxville, Tenn., where his son and daughter reside, and the ensuing three months were passed at Springfield, Ohio. His daughter, Miss Edith, who accompanied him, is also at home, and while both enjoyed the trip very much, they are doubly glad to get back.
 —A pleasant dancing party was given at Forester Hall, in the Andrae Opera House block, last Friday evening, in honor of Misses May and Ella Gavin and Kittie Mead, of Milwaukee, who had been guests of Mrs. M. Cassidy for several days previous to last Monday. Music was furnished by the Mandolin Club. O. G. Loberg, Will. McCarr and E. Arenberg acted as floor committee, and the good time was kept up until 3 a. m.
 —The lumber manufacturers and dealers of Stevens Point report business very satisfactory this season. Up to the first of August their order books compared favorably with the same seven months of 1893, and in some instances were even better. The extensive retail trade enjoyed has had much to do with this, while there has been considerable building going on at adjacent points, especially along the Portage branch of the Central.
 —Miss Flora Tack, who recently purchased the O'Brien homestead on Main street, now has a crew of carpenters at work building an addition to the upright part. The dimensions are 14x16 and 16x11, 16 foot posts, the larger part to be used as a parlor and the other as hallway. The roof of the old upright will be raised four feet, making it sixteen feet high. Frank Abb has the contract and he expects to finish the job in about six weeks.
 —A lodge of the Star of Bethlehem was organized in this city last week, and will meet every Friday evening at Good Templars' Hall, South Side. The following officers were chosen:
 Past Com.—Thos. E. McPhail.
 Com.—D. Sinclair.
 Vice Com.—Mrs. W. E. Macklin.
 Chap.—Margret Tozier.
 Rec. Sec.—Miss Alma Taylor.
 Fin. Sec.—Miss Allie Parker.
 Treas.—D. I. Tozier.
 I. Sent.—E. I. Tozier.
 O. Sent.—C. A. Councilman.
 C. D.—Don Sinclair.
 —During the thunder and lightning storm, on Tuesday night of last week, a large oak tree standing a few feet from the residence of Mrs. Mary McGuire, on Main street, was struck and shattered. Mrs. McGuire was considerably affected for a time, but has recovered. Lightning also entered the residence of G. B. Hall, who resides on Jefferson street, going down the chimney into the kitchen and scattering things generally. The stove was broken and the floor somewhat splintered. Two children who were sleeping in the second story received severe shocks, and the recovery of one of them has been slow.

—The recent forest fires also did much damage at other points both north and south of Phillips. The Leather Co. at Prentice lost between 3,000 and 4,000 cords of peeled bark, which was piled in the woods, and the Jump River Lumber Co. had large quantities of logs and ties burned. While the more timid were greatly frightened at times, the fire did not get within five miles of Prentice, and was also several miles away from Clifford, notwithstanding reports to the contrary.
 —Pittsville, one of the thriving towns in Wood county, had a narrow escape from being wiped out by flames, last Monday afternoon and evening. The danger came from the forest fires, which almost surrounded the place and seemed to gain on the citizens despite their utmost endeavors. Help was sent from Grand Rapids, when the fire was gotten under control. Only three houses and a small quantity of lumber were destroyed, but for a long time it looked as though this would be a second Phillips holocaust.
 —A new building 18x36 feet, two stories high, is now being erected by Geo. Triendel, just north of Menzell's meat market, on Strong's avenue. Mr. Triendel had been employed in Bennett's bakery during the past five years, but resigned his position recently and will go into the same business for himself. He will make a specialty of bread and rolls, taking orders early in the morning and delivering in time for breakfast. Mr. Triendel expects to be ready for business tomorrow.
 —Notwithstanding quiet times, W. A. Webster, proprietor of the Stevens Point steam laundry, continues to make improvements about his establishment, the latest being the addition of a number of gasoline tanks and attachments for heating the ironing apparatus, and additional storing space for baskets, etc. The home trade is constantly increasing, while the outside patronage is very large, and Mr. Webster has received a number of flattering offers to remove his plant or start branches elsewhere. He has too much money invested, with bright prospects for the future, however, to think of removing, and such a step would certainly be a severe loss to Stevens Point. From twenty to twenty-five hands, mostly young women, are given constant employment.

—We have it on good authority that A. J. Larabee, of this city, will probably be the People's party candidate for congress from this district. Mr. Larabee is an enthusiastic worker for his party and is a well-read gentleman. He will undoubtedly poll a good complimentary vote if nominated.

Central City Opera House,
 J. A. ENNOR, Mgr.
Thursday, Aug. 9.
 The
Queen of
Comedies,
Jane

UNDER DIRECTION OF
GUSTAVE FROHMAN.
FAST
URIOUS
UN
ROM
IRST TO
INISH.
 Presented
 by a
 Company
 of
 Comedians.
Jane 400 nights in New York!
 400 nights in London!
 NOTE.—Don't miss this attraction. Prices, Reserved Seats, 75 cts.; general admission, 50 cts.; children, 25 cts. On sale at Mieding's drug store.


Central City Opera House,
 J. A. ENNOR, Mgr.
One Night Only!
Friday Eve., Aug. 10.
 THE CELEBRATED
RICHARD & PRINGLE'S
Georgia Colored Minstrel Co.
 Supporting the Well-Known Star of
 All Stars,
BILLY KERSANDS,
 as the man that will make a mule laugh.
EVERYTHING BRAN NEW!
 Prices within the reach of all: 25, 50 and 75 cts. Seats on sale at Mieding's drug store.
Watch for the Band.

THE GREAT
AUGUST
SALE
 —at—
M. CLIFFORD'S
Goes Merrily On.
BARGAINS IN
ALL DEPARTMENTS.
Call Early and
Make Your Selections.
M. CLIFFORD.

MEAT MARKET.
A. G. GREEN, Proprietor.
We will keep constantly on hand a full and complete supply of
Fresh, Smoked and Salt Meats
HAM, BUTTER, EGGS,
LARD, POULTRY, FRESH FISH, &c.
The public are respectfully invited to give us a call, and they will find our stock always new and fresh.

THIRD STREET MEAT MARKET
V. BETLACH, Prop.
STEVENS POINT, WISCONSIN.
Dealer in all kinds of Fresh and Cured Meats, also Bologna and Fresh Sausages.
Shop on Third Street, between Main and Clark Street.

JOHN F. SHEA & CO.,
DEALERS IN
Fresh Salt Meats,
Poultry, Game, &c.
Orders from abroad given prompt attention, and those in the city delivered promptly.
411 Main St., Stevens Point.


Nicholas Miller,
—PROPRIETOR—
SOUTH SIDE MEAT MARKET
The Choicest Meats, Sausage, Etc., always on hand.
Shop on Division Street, south of Glover Brick Block, South Side.

Professional Cards.
GATE, JONES & SANBORN,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
Law and Collection office corner of Strong's Avenue and Clark Street.
STEVENS POINT, WIS.

DR. W. W. GOFF,
Homoeopathic Physician
AND SURGEON.
Office hours 8 to 10 a. m., 2 to 3 and 7 to 8 p. m.
Office in Prentice Block, Strong's Ave.
Stevens Point, Wisconsin.

Drs. C. von Neupert,
PHYSICIANS & SURGEONS.
Surgical Operations.
Female Diseases a Specialty.
Office over Post Office. Telephone 81.
Res. Clark Street, opp. Episcopal parsonage.
Telephone 65.

DR. F. H. STUART,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office at residence, 426 Church street.
Telephone No. 67.
STEVENS POINT, WISCONSIN


DRS. HADCOCK & ROOD,
Dentists
Graduates Ohio College Dental Surgery.
Office in First National Bank Block, 2nd floor.
STEVENS POINT, WIS.

GEO. M. HOULEHAN,
SURGEON DENTIST.
Office over Post Office.
STEVENS POINT, WIS.
Office hours from 8:30 A. M. to 6 P. M.
Gold and Silver Fillings, Crown and Bridge work a specialty.

DR. JESSE SMITH,
SURGEON DENTIST.
Office over R. H. Butterfield & Co's Real Estate Office.
Hayes' Process of Anaesthesia or Hypnotism used in the painless extraction of teeth.
Both painless and harmless.
STEVENS POINT, WIS.

DR. F. A. NORTON,
VETERINARY SURGEON.
STEVENS POINT, WIS.
Treats all diseases of Domestic Animals.
All calls promptly attended, day or night, either in the city or from the surrounding country.
Office at residence in the H. J. Moen house on Main street, two doors east of George St.
Headquarters at Taylor Bros' Drug Store, Strong's Avenue.

EVERY WOMAN
WOULD LIKE
TO LIVE IN THE WHITE HOUSE
—YOU—
can make your house a WHITE HOUSE
if you scrub it with
SANTA CLAUS SOAP
SOLD BY ALL GROCERS. MADE ONLY BY
N. K. FAIRBANK & CO. CHICAGO.

EVERY EIGHT WEEKS
FOR
TWENTY-FIVE YEARS.

DR. F. R. BREWER HAS MADE REGULAR visits to the same offices in this section of the state for the past twenty-five years. This long experience in the treatment of chronic diseases and constant study of the best methods enables him to
CURE EVERY CURABLE CASE.
We keep a record of every case treated and the result obtained and can tell you to people you know who have been cured or materially benefited by his method of treatment

Consultation Free
and Reasonable Terms
For Treatment.
We are prepared to show successful results in treating diseases of the Liver, Heart, Lungs, Stomach, Kidneys, Brain, Nerves, Rheumatism, Neuritis, Debility, Youthful Indiscretion, Cancer, Old Sores, Tumors, Fits, Diabetes, Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Chronic Diarrhoea, Eczema, Loss of Voice, Bronchitis, Emphysema, Catarrh, Consumption, Influenza, Asthma, Tetter, Scrofula, Eruptions, Pimples, Humors, Blisters, and all diseases of long standing.
Address
DRS. BREWER & SON, EVANSTON, ILL.
Will be at Waupaca, Thursday, July 19th; Jacobs House, this city, Wednesday, July 18th.

PROTECT YOUR EYES.
MR. H. HIRSCHBERG,
The well-known Eye Expert of 39 E. 14 Street, New York, and 629 Olive Street, St. Louis, has appointed **SCHENK & ARENBERG** as agents for his celebrated Non-Changeable Spectacles and Eye Glasses, and every pair purchased is guaranteed, so that at any time a change is needed, no matter how scratched the lenses, they will furnish the party with a new pair of Glasses, free of charge. **SCHENK & ARENBERG** have a full assortment and invite all who wish to satisfy themselves of the great superiority of these glasses over any and all others now in use, to call and examine them at the store of **SCHENK & ARENBERG**, Sole agents for Stevens Point, Wis.
None genuine unless stamped "Non-Changeable." No peddlers supplied.

You Can Save Money.
When wanting fresh groceries, choice canned goods and the best of fresh and cured meats, call upon the undersigned at 320 and 322 Jefferson street. Prices the lowest, and everything guaranteed of the best. Will not be undersold. Come and see me.
oct4ff
FRANK PODACIL.

What makes a house a home? The mother well, the children rosy, the father in good health and good humor. All brought about by the use of De Witt's Sarsaparilla. Taylor Bros.

A Million Friends.
A friend in need is a friend indeed, and not less than one million people have found just such a friend in Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Cough and Croup. If you have never used this Great Fourth Medicine, one trial will convince you that it has wonderful curative powers in all diseases of Throat, Chest and Lungs. Each bottle is guaranteed to do all that is claimed or money will be refunded. Trial bottles free at John Cadman's drug store. Large bottles 50c. and \$1.00.

GREEN BAY, WINONA & ST. PAUL R.R.


THE G. B. W. & ST. P. R. R.
DIRECT ROUTE
BETWEEN
GREEN BAY
AND ALL POINTS IN
Eastern Wisconsin
to Northern Michigan
TO
St. Paul, Minneapolis
AND ALL POINTS IN
IOWA, MINNESOTA & DAKOTA.
R. W. CHAMPION, J. B. LAST,
SUPERINTENDENT. AGENT GREEN BAY, WIS.
GREEN BAY WIS.

Consultation Free
and Reasonable Terms
For Treatment.
We are prepared to show successful results in treating diseases of the Liver, Heart, Lungs, Stomach, Kidneys, Brain, Nerves, Rheumatism, Neuritis, Debility, Youthful Indiscretion, Cancer, Old Sores, Tumors, Fits, Diabetes, Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Chronic Diarrhoea, Eczema, Loss of Voice, Bronchitis, Emphysema, Catarrh, Consumption, Influenza, Asthma, Tetter, Scrofula, Eruptions, Pimples, Humors, Blisters, and all diseases of long standing.
Address
DRS. BREWER & SON, EVANSTON, ILL.
Will be at Waupaca, Thursday, July 19th; Jacobs House, this city, Wednesday, July 18th.

Deserving Praise.
I desire to say to our citizens, that for years I have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Dr. King's New Life Pills, Bucken's Anna Sars and Electric Bitters and have never handled remedies that sell as well, or that have given such universal satisfaction. I do not hesitate to guarantee them any time, and I stand ready to refund the purchase price, if satisfactory results do not follow their use. These remedies have won their great popularity purely on their merits.—JOHN CADMAN, druggist, Stevens Point

Piping, Fixtures Etc.
Having a complete and fine stock of gas, water and steam fixtures on hand, the trade of the public in this line is solicited. Piping for gas or water done with promptness and in a manner warranted to give satisfaction. Shop opposite Cook's laundry, on Main street. Give us a call.
181cf.
LEWIS M. CRONK

Children Cry for
Pitcher's Castoria.

CURE THAT BEST
COUGH WITH
SHILOH'S CURE
25c. and 50c. and \$1.00 Bottle.
One cent a dose.
THIS GREAT COUGH CURE promptly cures whooping cough, croup, colds, sore throat, hoarseness, whooping cough and asthma. For Consumption it has no rival; has cured thousands, and will cure you if taken in time. Sold by Druggists on a guarantee. For Name, Back or Chest, use SHILOH'S BELLADONNA PLASTER 25c.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY.
Have you Catarrh? This remedy is guaranteed to cure you. Price, 50c. Injector free.
Sold by the H. D. McCulloch Co.

BALD HEADS
NO CURE, NO PAY.
NO MUSTACHE, NO PAY.
DANDRUFF CURED.
I will take Contracts to grow hair on the head or face with those who can call at my office or at the office of my agents, provided the head is not glossy, or the pores of the scalp not closed. Where the hair is shiny or the pores closed, there is no cure. Call and be examined free of charge. If you cannot call write to me. State the exact condition of the scalp and your occupation.
Room 4, 2 W. 14th St., cor. 5th Ave., New York.
PROF. G. BIRKHOFF.
Ask your druggist for my cure

SERVING KOSSUTH.
AN AMERICAN YOUTH WHO VOLUNTEERED IN HUNGARY'S CAUSE.

He Was Sent to Rescue the Crown Jewels.
Carries Cipher Dispatches Which He Threw Away Because He Was Frightened—Not a Good Conspirator.

It has remained for one American, Mr. W. J. Stillman, the art critic, to relate the strangest story of Kossuth's plans and plots, both in this country and in his own unhappy land, that has anywhere appeared. In The Century Mr. Stillman describes a mission on which he was sent by Kossuth after he had volunteered in his service. "I followed him to London and established myself in a dark quarter, where spies would be little likely to notice me, and reported to him through Pulaski, whose address I had. It was finally determined that I should undertake an expedition to Hungary. The object, I was told, was the rescue of the Hungarian crown jewels, hidden at some point down the Danube before the flight of the dictator and his ministry into Turkey. I was to visit Vienna on the way, and Kossuth gave me the names of three persons in that city with whom I might communicate, requesting that the one who seemed to me the most apt for the purpose should go to London and put himself in communication with Kossuth.

"To steady my nerves in Vienna Kossuth had told me of a conspirator who had been arrested on suspicion, his name having been found among many others in the memorandum book of an emissary who had been arrested for tampering with the troops. All persons whose names were found in the book were arrested. This particular person, having really a most important position in the conspiracy and not knowing why he was arrested, naturally believed that he had been betrayed, and to avoid being driven to disclosures under torture adopted the only means offered him of committing suicide by wrapping his bedclothes around him and setting fire to them, his bed and his light being his only furniture.

"When he had been burned so that he could not survive, he tore off the clothes, and calling the guard told him to summon the council, and when they had assembled in his cell told them that he was a conspirator, but his secrets were beyond their power of extortion—and died. This gave me a keen sense of the necessity of caution, and as I was certain to be put under surveillance as soon as the police knew I was in Vienna I took time by the forelock, and before the police had been sent in took a cab, drove to within a block of the house of the person I was to see first, dismissed the cab and made my visit, establishing communications and precautions against the police. But my consternation may be imagined when my fellow conspirator, after all our arrangements were complete, took me into the room where his family were assembled and introduced me as a friend who came from Kossuth. With five women from 12 to 40 years old in possession of my secret the tranquility of my stay in Vienna was far from complete, but it was a family of red republicans, and I was safe.

"I waited nearly a month, and seeing that the police began to wonder what I had to occupy myself with I took to my bed and sent for a doctor. This was Orszovensky, who had been chief of the medical staff of Kossuth's army and with whom I made friends. But still I got no news from Kossuth or his correspondent in Pest, and as the position could not be prolonged indefinitely one day I made a confidant of the doctor, told him my business and asked him if I could leave the dispatches with him while I went back to London to put matters on another footing. Not for the world, he replied, would he mix himself in the affair, and he added that if it were discovered that he had had knowledge of my business he would be arrested and would be a ruined man for not having betrayed me to the police.

"Then for the first time I lost my nerve, and my mouth was in an instant as dry as a bone, my tongue resembling a dry stick. I was never so frightened before or since, but I kept self possession enough to note the singularity of the phenomenon and made up my mind on the spot to get out of the range of the doctor's revelations as soon as possible. As nearly as I can remember I did not stop to sleep in a bed till I reached Frankfurt, and I got back to London by the earliest conveyance and went to report to Kossuth. He received my report with perfect equanimity and asked me only what I had done with the dispatches. In my panic I had thrown them into the drain as the only place where they were in no danger of being sought for if I were arrested before getting out of the country, and this I told him. He showed no irritation, but with an expression of perplexity rather than vexation said, "Three months lost," and then resumed his usual manner, asked me about many things in Hungary, told me that when I was at a loss I should have gone to the Hotel Tigris, which was the rendezvous of the patriots, and that there I would have made acquaintance with some of his friends, who had helped me out. He went on talking of other things as calmly as if I had not disappointed him. I had not the courage to urge my services in any other matter, and he saw that I had not in me the stuff for a conspirator, gave me the money to pay my passage home, and we parted with the understanding that if it came to fighting I should join him again."

Dangerous Drugs.
The latest finds in the line of drugs are strychnia and atrophine, which is the sulphate of atrophine. Strychnia is stimulating, while atrophine quiets the nerves. They are taken as a cure for the morphia habit, but they produce insanity, collapse and premature death. The queerest of all habits is the gasoline habit. A few years ago a girl alarmed her mother by her eccentricities. She conversed and sang in a manner far above her ordinary talents and behaved queerly. A physician was summoned and examined the girl. He was positive that she was given to the use of some drug. He questioned her closely and got from her an admission that she was accustomed to inhale the gas from the gasoline vessel. She said that she felt very happy and pleasant whenever she inhaled the gas. The habit is very fatal, but it is one which may be easily broken. In general, the use of drugs as a stimulant, a pain killer or as a vice is much to be deplored.—New York Advertiser

One Old Lady's Opinion.
"Don't you think," asked the enthusiastic young minister, "that the time is near at hand when war will be no more?"
"Goodness, no!" exclaimed old Mrs. Jason.
"War's about the only chance the men folks has to show that they air really any use!"—Indianapolis Journal.

A CHICAGO MAN'S STORY OF A BANK DEFECTION and Wrongful Accusation.

"The author who proposes to write the real and only American novel may find a very fair plot in the story I am about to relate," said Frank N. Harris of Chicago. "Several years ago the people of a small western city began to wonder how the cashier of the leading bank could afford to live as well as he appeared to be doing. His salary, it is true, was very liberal, but his expenditures far exceeded it. He built himself a splendid residence, had his horses and carriages and altogether conducted himself like a man who owned rather than worked for a bank. He had the confidence of the bank directors, however, and the rumors and gossip that reached their ears apparently had no effect upon them.

The cashier was suddenly taken sick with a lingering malady and lay in a barely conscious condition for two or three months, when death finally claimed him. An examination of his books which followed his death showed an apparent deficiency in his accounts of over \$35,000. His real friends were thunderstruck and would not believe that the dead man had been dishonest. His bondsmen, too, could not be convinced that he had made away with the funds of the bank, but the books showed the shortage. While they were arranging to make the sum good the cashier's widow came forward and presented the bank president with a check for the entire amount, telling him that she knew her husband had never taken a cent of the money, and that while she couldn't understand the apparent proof of his dishonesty she was sublimely confident that he had died a good, upright man.

"No one knew, either, where the widow had got such a very large sum of ready money. She continued to occupy the family home, and there was no change whatever in her mode of life, and the town was therefore confronted with a second mystery as inexplicable as the first. Four years after the death of the cashier the man who had been assistant cashier and who had succeeded to the position when it was made vacant also died.

"Before his death he confessed that when his predecessor was taken ill and had relapsed into a comatose condition, whence the doctors said he could never recover, he himself had manipulated the books of the bank so as to show that the dead cashier was a defaulter and had taken the money for his own use. He left his property to the widow of the man whose memory he had so dishonored, and it then turned out that the former cashier had early in his career invested in western mining stock, and that the money he was spending so lavishly during his life and from which his widow made good his apparent shortage after his death was the result of his wise foresight when he was a mere bank clerk."—Washington Star.

Making Paper Horseshoes.
When paper horseshoes were first introduced into the cavalry service of the German army a few years ago, they excited a good deal of interest. Several cavalry horses were first shod with the paper shoes and the effect observed. It was found that not only did the lightness and elasticity of the shoe help the horse on the march, making it possible for him to travel faster and farther without fatigue than horses shod with iron, but that the paper shoe had the property of being unaffected by water and other liquids. These new sheets of paper are pressed closely together, one above the other, and rendered impervious to the moisture by the application of oil of turpentine. The sheets are glued together by a sort of paste composed of turpentine, whiting, gum and linseed oil, and then submitted to a powerful hydraulic pressure. Paper horseshoes are also made by grinding the paper into a mass, combining it with turpentine, sand, gum, litharge and certain other substances, pressing it and afterward drying it. But these shoes are less tough and elastic than those made of thin sheets of paper laid one upon another. These shoes are fastened to the horse's feet either by means of nails or with a kind of glue made of coal tar and caoutchouc.—New York Herald.

The Dog Has No Mechanism.
In no well attested case has a dog shown any sense as to the nature of any mechanical contrivance. They will learn which way a door opens and rarely if ever do they undoesingly close it when it is slightly ajar when they wish to pass through the opening, but I have never been able to observe or obtain evidence to show that they would pull down the latch in the way in which a cat readily learns to do. Much as dogs have had to do with guns, they display no kind of interest in the arms except so far as they are tokens of sport to come. They connect the explosion with the capture of the game and will search for it in the direction in which the barrel was pointed. I have not, however, been able to find that they know, as they might readily do, when the weapon was loaded and when empty. They show no interest in it, such as monkeys readily display toward any mechanical contrivance to which their attention has been directed. All these negative features indicate that the mechanical side of the canine mind is entirely undeveloped.—Chicago News

Sure Cure.
Charles F. Gore, a New Hampshire judge of this century, was very nervous and irritable, but so determined that he usually found means of enforcing his desires. While he was holding a court in one of the northern counties he was much annoyed by the coughing of the spectators in the courtroom.

He referred to it again and again, with increasing asperity, and finally directed the sheriff to remove from the courtroom the next man who coughed. This had a marvelous effect in silencing the audience.

That evening a stranger afflicted by an incessant cough appeared at the village hotel.

"I can tell you how to cure that," said a bystander. "You just go down to the courthouse. There's a little wizened judge there, and he'll put a slip to that cough of yours in less than five minutes. Sure cure!"—Youth's Companion.

A Patriotic Determination.
George Bancroft, the historian, once wrote these patriotic words: "The United States of America are composed of God fearing, liberty loving, honest, peaceful population, but without endowed with the determination of leaving to their children and their children's children their birthright of liberty under the law as handed down to us from our ancestors.

Any Man Can Own an Arsenal, Such as It Is, For a Song.

Scarcely a week passes that some Grand Army post does not apply through a member of congress or direct to the war department for two or four condemned cannon to be used in decorating the base of a soldiers' monument or adorning some corner in a cemetery. All these requests have to be refused because there is no authority in law for the disposal of old ordnance, and even when special acts are passed the department is unable to comply with their terms for the reason that there are no old cannon to be donated. The soldiers' monuments in Gettysburg and other national military parks and cemeteries exhausted the supply of old cannon long ago, and the artillery arm of the military service is not active enough nowadays to increase the supply of condemned ordnance.

But while the war department is "short" on ordnance of the heavy variety it is "long" on stores of the smaller variety. Sometimes a post of the Grand Army of the Republic concludes to decorate their headquarters with bayonets and other reminders of the old days. Then when applications for such supplies are sent to the department the senders are supplied with a list of "ordnance stores for sale at New York arsenal, Governor's Island." The list embraces carbines, rifles, muskets, sabers, swords, pistols, revolvers, bayonet scabbards and numerous other articles of like character. The list gives the condition of the goods of which the government is willing to dispose, together with a list of prices.

If any one in the United States desires to fit out an army with old time rifles and sabers, he can be supplied at a very low cost. Or if he wants to give his library a military aspect he can accomplish his desire for a song. The highest price asked for any article in the lot is \$7.75 for a Spencer breech loading rifle, with Stabler attachment. One of Merrill's breech loaders in second class condition can be had for 75 cents. There are about 40,000 rifles, carbines and muskets offered for sale at prices ranging from 75 cents to \$7.75, and in all conditions from "first class" to "unservicable." Thirty thousand sabers and swords are to be had at prices varying from 25 cents to \$1. Nine different kinds of pistols and revolvers are to be had at "bargain prices." Two dollars will buy the best in the lot, while a "Starr navy, self cocking," may be secured for 50 cents.

This is the government's bargain sale. Purchasers can have as many or as few as they desire. The prices are strictly cash, no discount for quantities and no favors shown. If you want an arsenal, now is your time.—Rochester Post-Express.

Gold In Paupers' Teeth Not Wasted.
Nothing is useless nowadays—not even a defunct pauper. Hood's plaintive wail—
Rattle his bones,
Over the stones.
He's only a pauper
Whom nobody owns—

is now out of date. The guardians know better than to net so recklessly, for often the party concerned is the possessor of a set of artificial teeth which contain a good deal of gold—last relic of more prosperous times—and in the interest of the ratepayers the precious metal must be secured and turned into cash. Olden, too, they are the owners of rings or tiny trinkets not pawnable, but still containing as much auriferous value as not a few modern gold mines. These have to be collected and also converted into cash by means of the melting pot. In the Holborn union the melting process takes place once a year and has just been accomplished for the present season. The jewelry dealt with is what is found on paupers who die friendless and unclaimed in its various establishments. This week rings, chains, brooches and trinkets have been melted down and produced a bar of gold estimated as 11 carat and worth about £40. A good proportion of it was got from the plates of artificial teeth. Mr. Walton said that on one set of artificial teeth there was at least £4 worth of gold. The proceeds are paid into the common exchequer of the union.—London Telegraph.

A Baboon Letter.
HONORED PRESIDENT—It is with the deepest grief and consternation that I take up my pen to inform you that my beloved spouse has gone to Davy Jones last night at 9:40 p. m., Midras time. The life of man has been officially declared to be 55 years, but hers was a nonregulation death, for she kicked the bucket at the early age of 27. Hinc illu lacrimae. So I cannot leave my home, and I greatly regret that I must apply for leave on full pay for some months to manage my household affairs. For how can I? My little daughter, aged 4 months, is too young and tender, nor has she the ready money down, rupees, sovereigns, gold moulars or what not to make both ends of my grandmother meet. Therefore, dear Cock, how can I be with you to die at my post? On the expiration of my leave, if I be not necessary to take an extension, then I will return and die at my post with you, clasp, good by, my dear. I have the honor to be, sir, your most obedient servant,
SEKVEN MUCHASIK, B. A.
—Macmillan's Magazine.

Tea Tabloids.
These are a boon to travelers. The tea leaf is ground up to powder. The stems of the leaf, the coarser part, are thrown away. The finer, more aromatic parts alone remain, and these are compressed into tabloids, one sufficing to make a cup of tea. The traveler needs only to boil some water on a spirit lamp. He drops a tabloid in a cup or a glass, pours the boiling water over it, stirs, and his tea is made. A little box that can be put in the waist-coat pocket contains 100 tabloids, which make 100 cups of tea, and costs only sixpence, or 12 cents.—London Letter.

Anticipation Versus Experience.
Old Gentleman—Do you think, sir, that you are able to support my daughter without continually hovering on the verge of bankruptcy?
Sutor—Oh, yes, sir, I am sure I can.
Old Gentleman—Well, that's more than I can do. Take her and be happy.—Chicago Inter Ocean

Rare Autographs.
Collectors of autographs say that letters and documents of the first six colonial governors of Connecticut are seldom found. One of them, John Haynes, was governor of both Massachusetts and Connecticut, and his autograph in any form is eagerly and vainly sought by collectors.—Philadelphia Press.

Stonemasons will probably get a better idea of the immense size of the great pyramid when they learn that it consists of 89,028,000 cubic feet.

The first public library in modern Europe was founded by Nicholas Niccoli, a Florentine, in the fifteenth century

